

FOR PROFESSIONALS



installation instructions [en]  
Stûv 30

July 2013 – SN 138804 > ...

*This Stûv stove has been designed to offer you maximum comfort and safety. It has been manufactured with the greatest of care. If however you should find the slightest*

*dissatisfaction with it, please contact your supplier.*

*We recommend that you read these instructions prior to installation.*

*Some configurations might have an impact on the sequence of operations to be performed.*

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## PRESENTATION OF THE PRODUCT

### Standards, certification and technical characteristics

The Stûv 30 stoves (for intermittent operation) comply with the requirements of EN European Standards in terms of efficiency, gas emissions, safety etc....

Data provided in this notice are supplied by a certified laboratory.

**Test results according to EN 13240: 2001 and 13240-A2: 2004 standards (stoves)**

Stûv 30-compact are covered by the patent nr 1130323.



Stûv 30 stoves are protected by Patent no. 1130323.



Stûv sa  
B-5170 Bois-de-Villers (Belgium)

13 QA131324008  
EN 13240: 2001 / A2: 2004

Wood insert **30**

Minimum safety distance from adjacent combustible materials:

- behind: 10 cm
- on the sides: 10 cm
- below: 0 cm

Recommended fuel: wood logs only

CO emissions\*: 0,05 %

Average smoke temperature at rated power\*: 263°C

Nominal heat power\*: 10 kW

Efficiency\*: >80%

Particle emissions: 28 mg/Nm<sup>3</sup>

Please read the installation instructions and directions for use!

**Other technical characteristics**

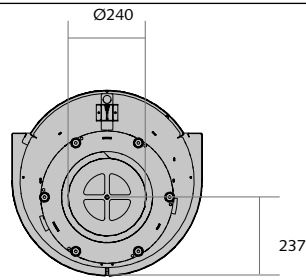
<b>Stöv 30</b>	
Minimum diameter of the duct for the intake of outside combustion air	100 cm <sup>2</sup>
Maximum length of logs in vertical position	50 cm
Maximum length of logs in horizontal position	33 cm
System mass	215 kg
Optimum output range for usage	5 – 12 kW
Range of wood consumption per hour recommended (at 12% humidity)	1,4 – 3,4 kg
Maximum limit for consumption of wood per hour (to avoid overheating the system)	5 kg/h

	<b>glass-door mode</b>	<b>closed-door mode</b>	<b>open-fire mode</b>
Minimum draught needed to obtain the rated calorific output	12 Pa	12 Pa	6 Pa
Weight-flow ratio of smokes	8,1 g/s	8,2 g/s	30 g/s
Average smoke temperature at rated power	319 °C	331 °C	153 °C

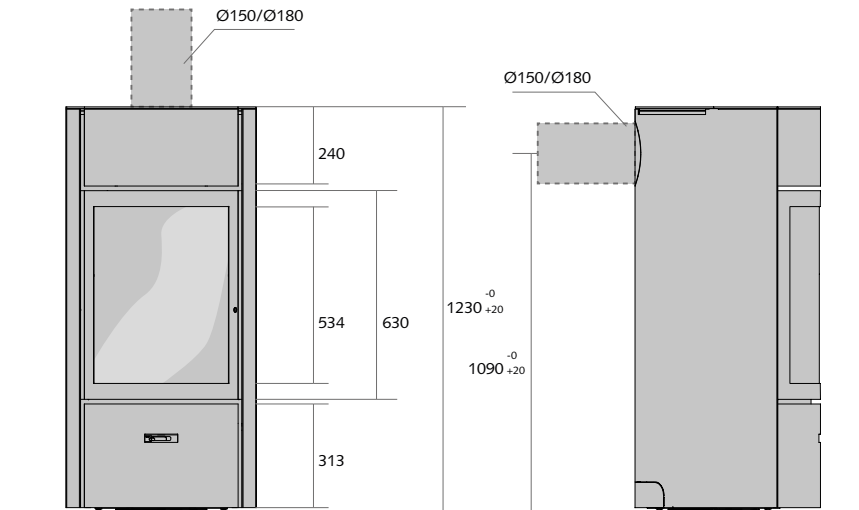
## Dimensions

### Stûv 30

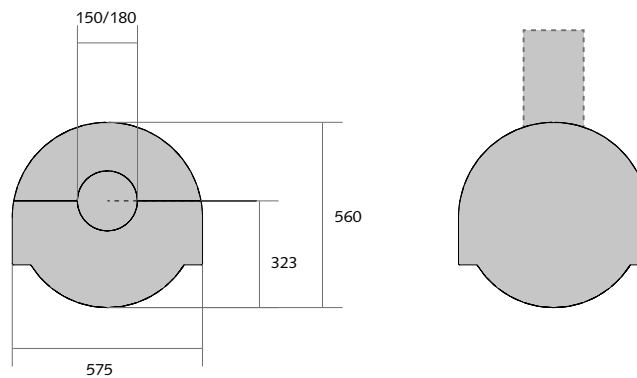
View from below



View from front and left

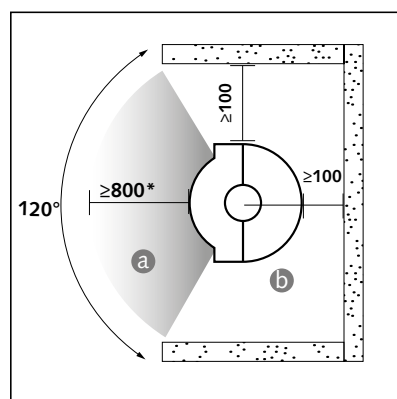


View from above



The radiation from the glass door [diagram 1/a] and from the sides of the stove [diagram 1/b] can be considerable.

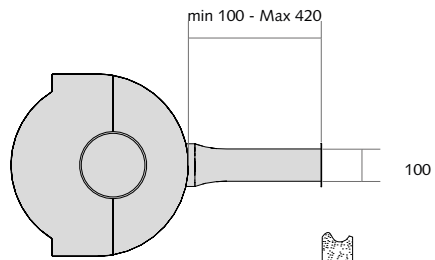
Whatever the direction of the rotating stove, ensure safe distances from combustible materials are maintained.



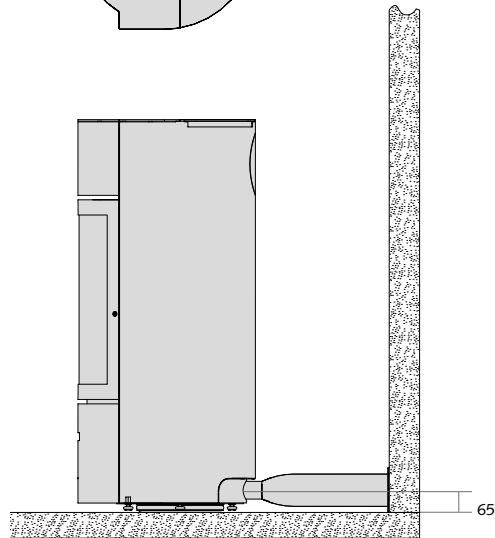
\* safe distances from combustible materials

**Rear outside air supply**

View from above



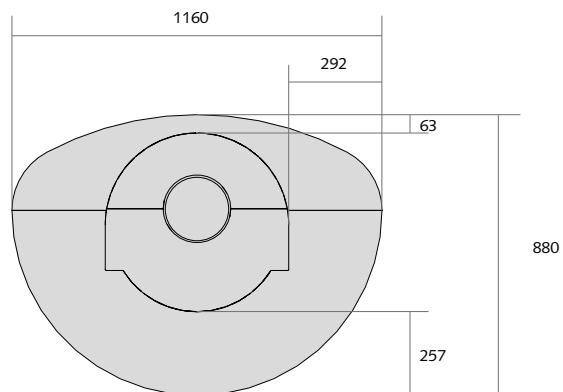
Profile view



**Oval floor plate**

View from above

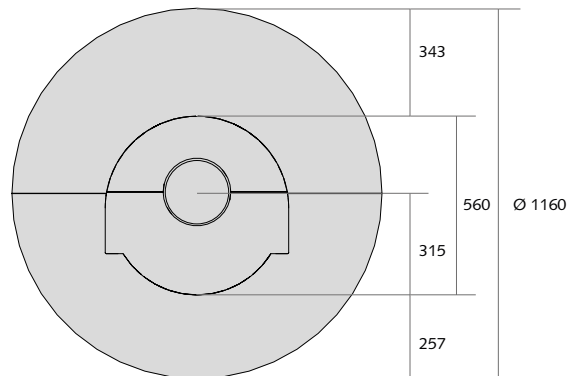
Floor plate thickness = 2 mm



**Round floor plate**

View from above

Floor plate thickness = 2 mm



## Recommendations

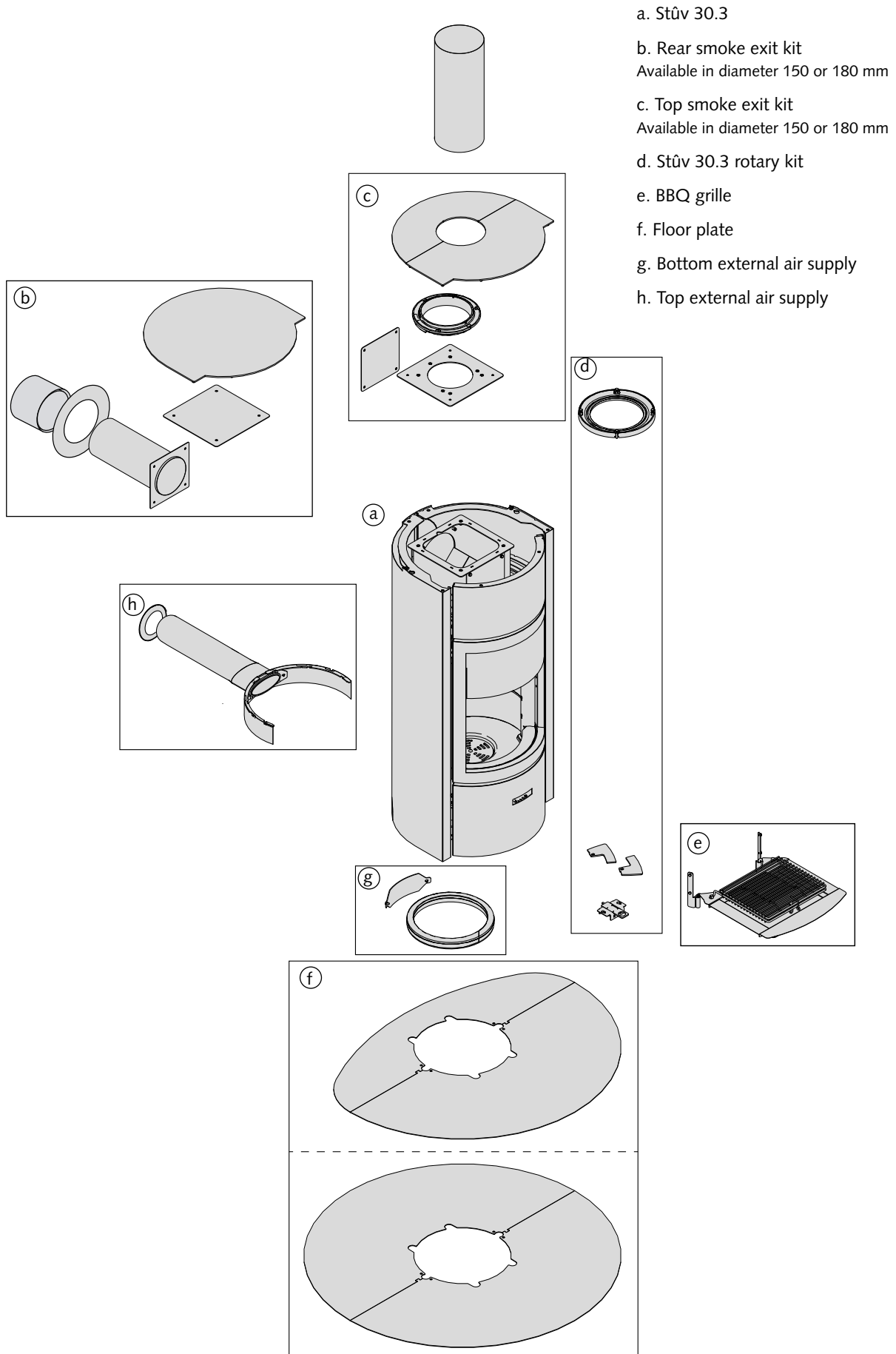
We strongly recommend you entrust the installation of this Stûv to a qualified professional who is able to ensure that the characteristics of the smoke flue correspond to the stove installed.

The installation of the stove, its accessories and surrounding materials must adhere to all regulations (local and national) and all standards (national and European).

Some national and local regulations require the installation of an access flap in the connection between the stove and the smoke flue.

The stove has to be installed in such a way as to facilitate access to sweep the stove, the connection duct and the smoke flue.

Any modification made to the system may be dangerous and will invalidate the guarantee.





## PREPARATION OF THE AREA

### Combustion air inlet

The stove requires air for combustion. (particularly when working in open-fire mode). These requirements vary depending on the nature of the building.

#### The ideal solution

The Stûv 30 is designed to be directly connected to an outside air inlet (independent of the air in the house). We recommend this set-up. The connection can be made below the stove [diagrams 1/a et 2] or at the back [diagram 1/b & 3]. Stûv offers optional connections for each of these configurations.

#### If the stove is not connected directly to an outside air inlet...

A sufficient air inlet ( $\varnothing$  120 mm) should ideally be created close to the stove.

This air inlet comes from a ventilated empty space, a ventilated room (cellar) or from outside (mandatory regulation in some countries).

#### The flue that brings in outside air... (whether it is connected to the stove or not)

... will be protected on the outside by a grill [diagram 2/a-3/a] the free passage section of which is at least equivalent to the section of the air inlet. Please note that the infiltration of water and the effect of the wind can damage the system.

... will ideally be fitted with a closure valve (for example, the Stûv valve – see below) [photo 4] to prevent the room from becoming cold when the stove is not in use.

... will be as short as possible to prevent pressure loss and to prevent making the house cold.

If you use our standard flexible  $\varnothing$  100 mm flue, we recommend a maximum length of 6 m and no more than 6 elbows (see table below).

If you exceed these guidelines, you must compensate with a greater diameter and/or a smoother duct.

Careful not to crush the flue.

Length of flue	max. permitted number of elbows
1 m	6 elbows
2 m	6 elbows
3 m	6 elbows
4 m	6 elbows
5 m	6 elbows
6 m	6 elbows

#### The external valve

[diagram 2/b and photo 3] prevents the house from becoming cold when the stove is not in use.

This device is optional if you choose a direct connection to the stove (diagrams 1 and 2). However, it is still an attractive option if the duct lengths to the stove are too great. This air ducting has a large, non-insulated surface area containing the outside air (heat loss). The impact is even greater for installation in a low-energy house.

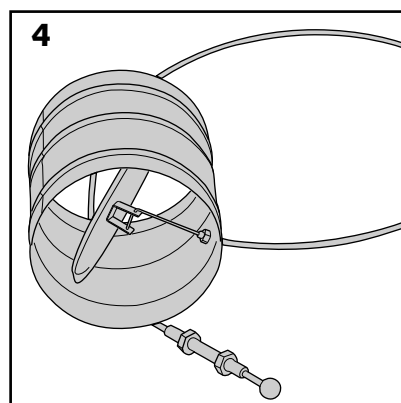
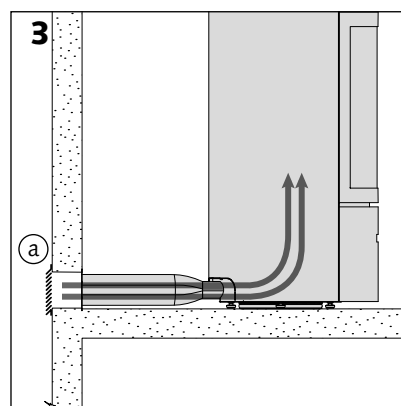
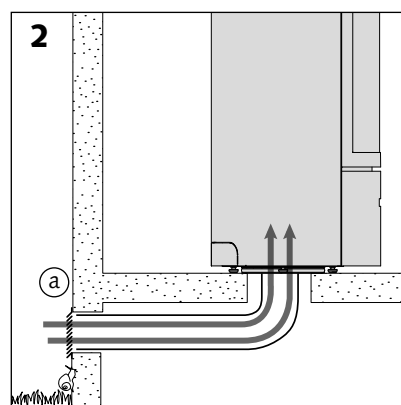
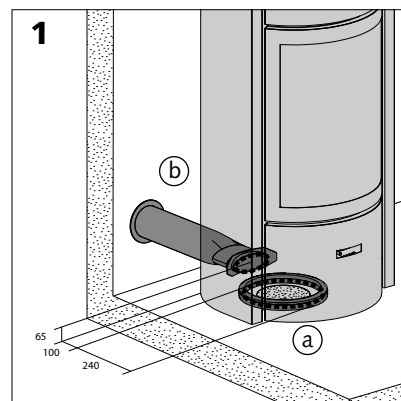
It should ideally be located as close as possible to the outside wall. It can be controlled from inside if it is not too far away from the stove (length of the flexible of the valve control = 1.2 m).

#### If it is not possible to bring in outside air near the stove (most unfavourable case)...

...ensure there is sufficient replenishment of air in the room when the stove is in use.

#### Please note

Be careful with air extraction systems (kitchen hoods, air conditioning, mechanically-controlled ventilation, other stoves) in operation in the same space or in an adjacent room. They also use lots of air and can cause a depression in the room and prevent the stove from operating correctly (risk of draughtback). They can affect the operation of the stove even if it is connected to an outside air inlet.



## Smoke flue

Ensure the flue's dimensions meet local regulations and the applicable installation standards in line with good practice.

### Basic information

For good draught, the stove must be suited to the flue (or vice versa).

An oversized flue is as detrimental to the smooth operation of the stove as an undersized flue.

You will find a simplified method providing an initial evaluation of the characteristics of the flue based on the type of stove at [www.stuv.com](http://www.stuv.com) > **Info & Services** > **Practical questions**.

As the Stûv 30 is a highly efficient stove, the smoke flue must be of good quality. The flue must also be as straight and smooth as possible and insulated to encourage drawing and to prevent condensation.

The ideal solution is a flue built inside the building and thermally insulated. An outside flue without any insulation must be avoided.

The stove must never be connected to a smoke flue serving several systems.

### Take care to avoid heat loss!

If several flues are available: only use one of them. Block up the unused flues at the top and bottom and, generally speaking, ensure that the top of the recess where the stove is fitted is air-tight.

### Standard outlet diameter

Stûv 30 can be connected to a Ø150 mm or Ø180 mm flue

Some flue configurations may require a different diameter than that provided as standard. Should this be the case, please consult your retailer.

## Connection to the smoke flue

Allow play of 2 mm/m for expansion of the flue and to ensure smooth rotation of the stove.

### Connection above [diagram 1/a]

If the flue is straight, it is simply placed on the stove; the flue turns with the stove.

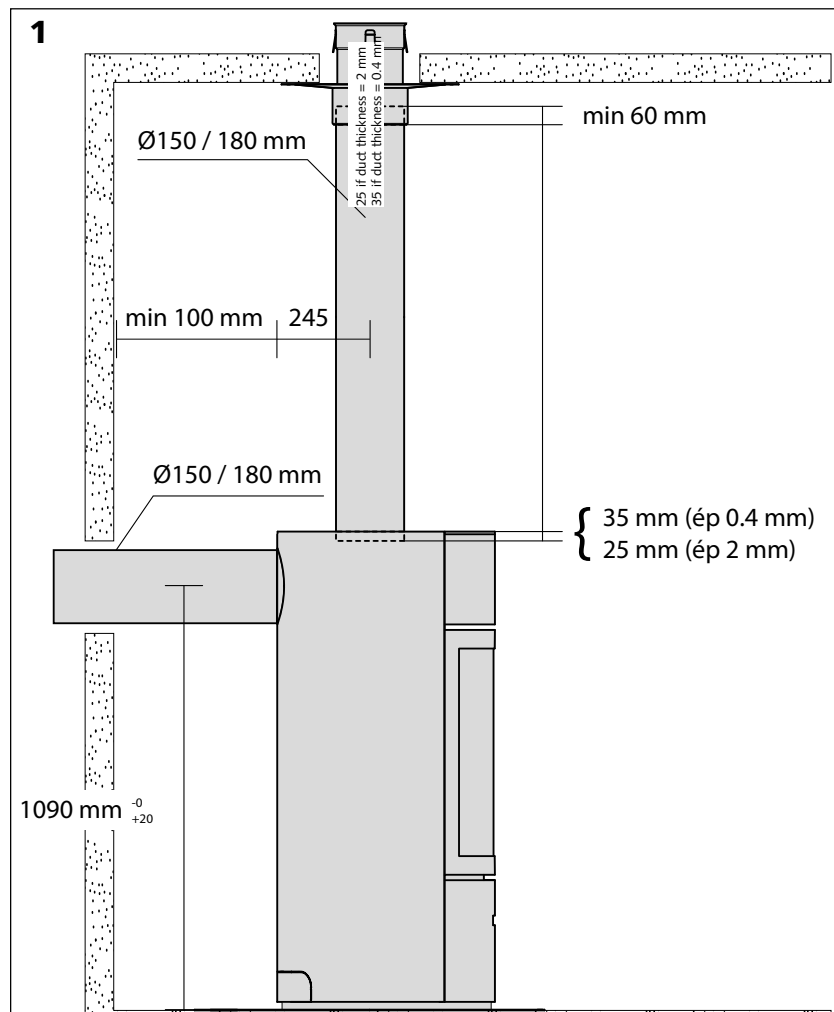
If the flue has an elbow or is deflected, it is fixed at wall or ceiling level (rotation of stove only).

### Connection at the back [diagram 1/b]

The flue will be fixed onto the stove for maximum air-tightness.

### Air-tightness

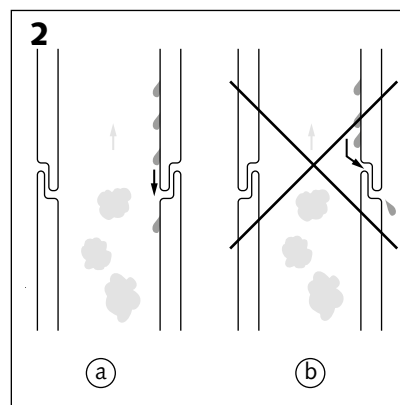
The various components which make up the connection between the stove and the smoke flue and those which make up the flue itself have to be fitted so that they are airtight for the condensation [diagram 2/a] rather than the smoke [diagram 2/b].



## Connection to the smoke flue

### Calculation of the height of the duct

For the sinking of the duct at stove level, add 25 mm for a duct 2 mm in thickness and 35 mm for a 0.4 mm duct.



## Holding capacity of the structure

Ensure the floor is resistant enough to support the stove; consult a specialist if in doubt.

## Please note

We strongly recommend attaching the Stûv 30 stove to the ground.

This step ensures the stability of the system.

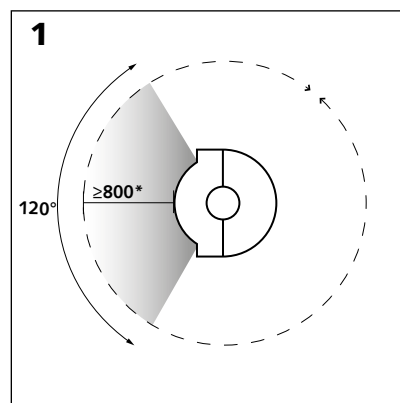
## The stove's surroundings

The heat radiated from the glass door and the walls may be significant.

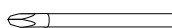
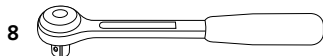
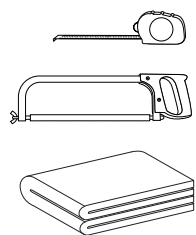
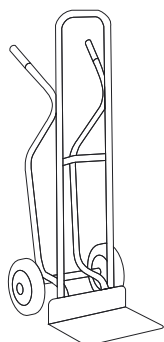
Whichever direction the stove is facing, please adhere to the safety distances from combustible materials [diagram 1] or ensure that the materials exposed to radiated heat are resistant to high temperatures.

### Prevent "heat traps" in the cladding, recess and hood

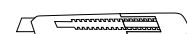
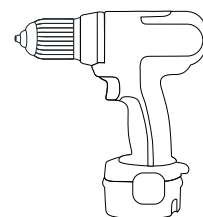
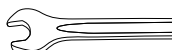
If the stove is situated in a bell-shaped area (ex: a former hearth), this space must be ventilated to prevent "heat traps".



## Tools

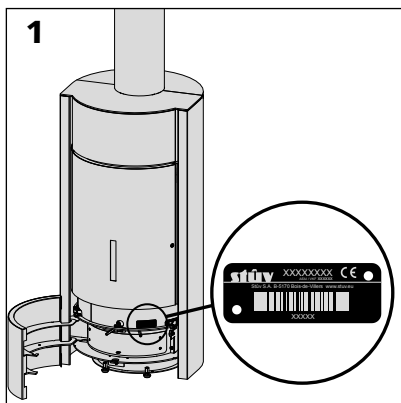


6, 8, 10 & 13



## INSTALLATION

### On taking delivery of the equipment



#### Please note!

Check that the stove has not suffered any damage during delivery. The guarantee only covers damage due to transportation if it is indicated on the delivery slip.

#### Complaints

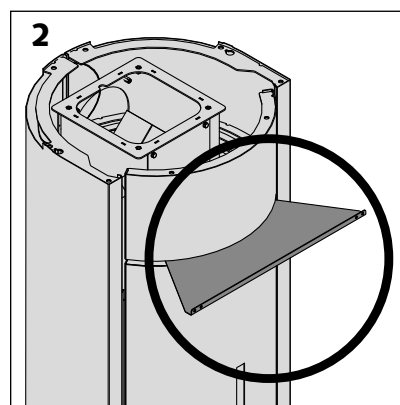
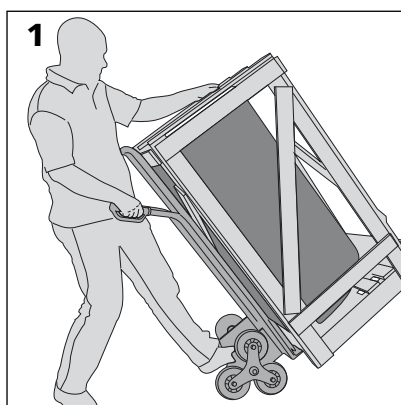
If you wish to make a complaint, always quote the serial number visible on the stove in the closed-door position [photo 1].

#### Accessories

- flue and rear or upper connection
- ground plate
- barbecue kit
- kit for rear outside air intake

If any of these accessories have been ordered, they will be found around the stove or its packaging. Check that you have received them.

### Moving the stove



#### Please note!

The paint is not oven baked and is therefore relatively fragile but will harden after being heated a few times. Handle the system with care when installing.

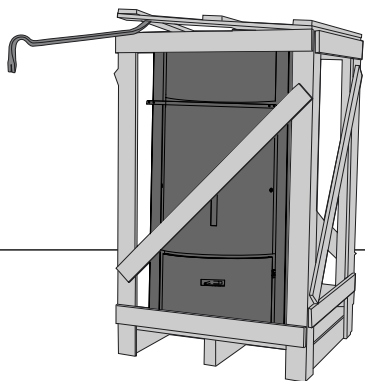
#### Moving

While the stove is still packaged, you can use a pallet loader or a hand-lift truck [photo 1]. Move it close to its final position.

Ensure the hand-lift truck is positioned on the side of the hand-lift truck support [diagram 2].

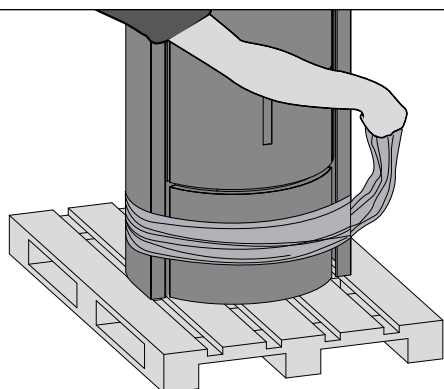
If you are unable to transport the stove on its pallet to its final position, please observe the following unpacking instructions.

1



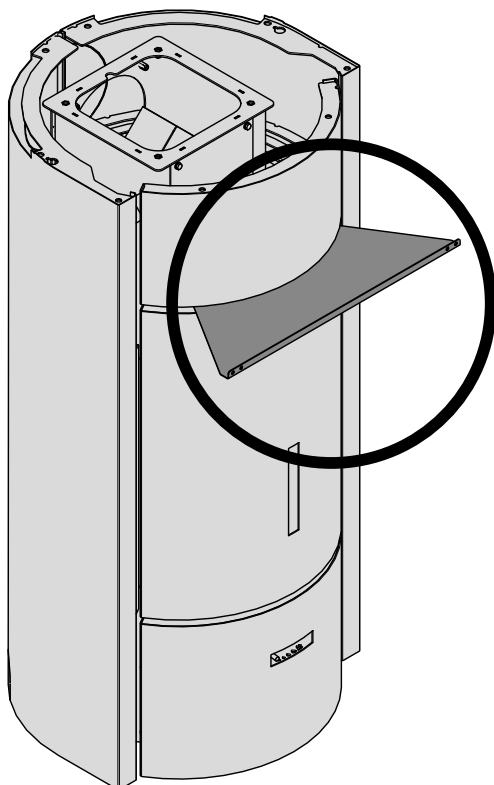
> Remove the wooden structure using a claw hammer [photo 1].

2



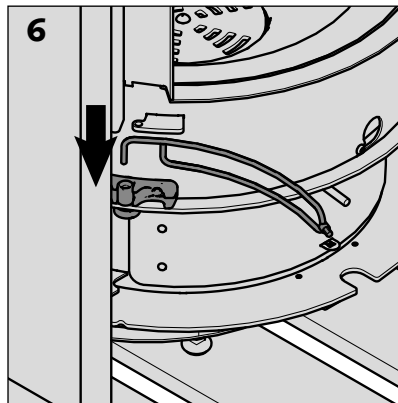
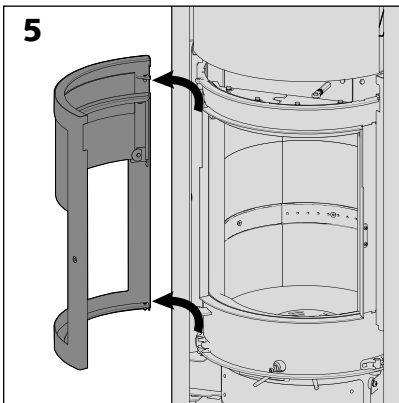
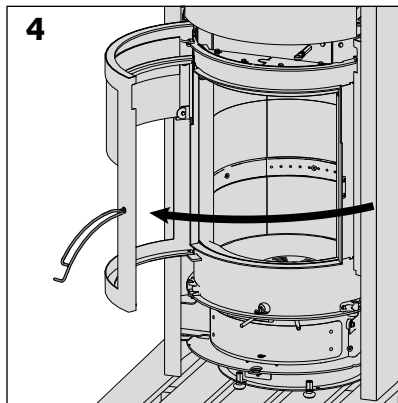
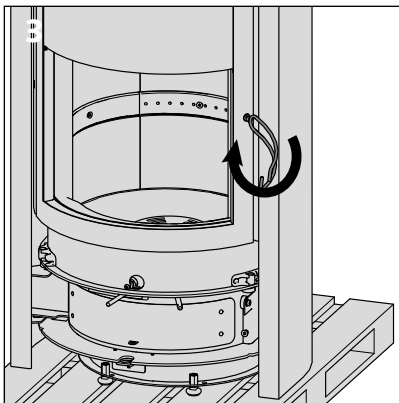
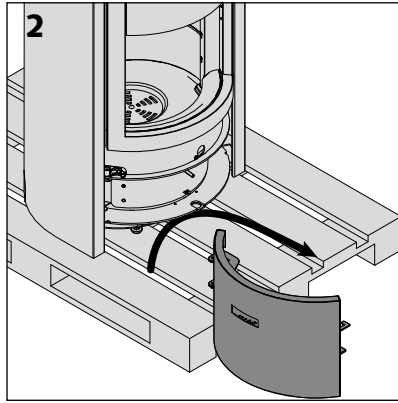
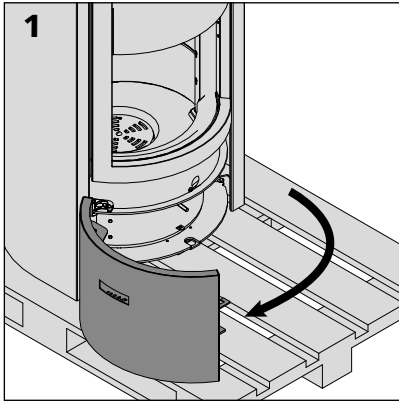
> Remove the plastic packaging and the plastic films at the top and bottom of the stove which hold the mobile parts in place during transport [photo 2].

3



**Note!** The hand-lift truck protection [photo 3] supports the stove during handling to avoid putting pressure on the doors or the drum. It is later removed when the stove is moved into its final position.

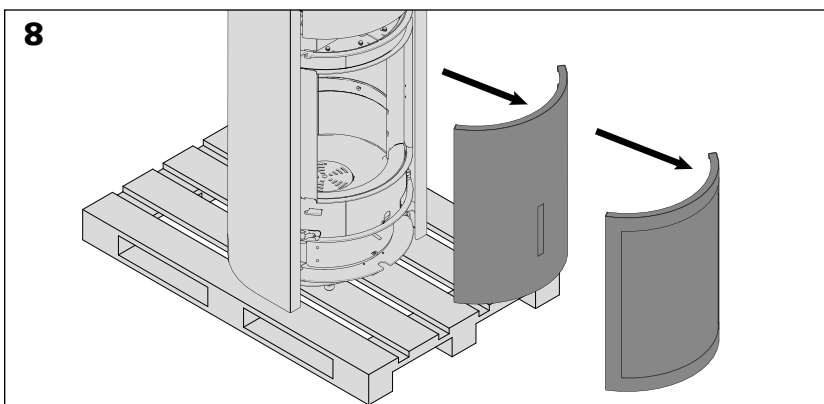
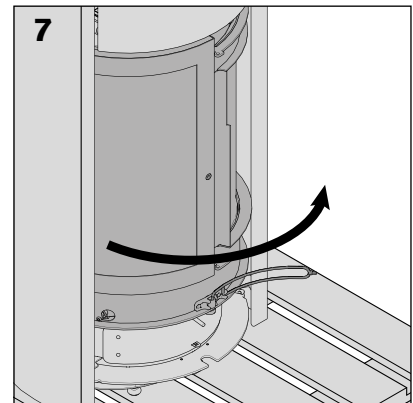
## Removing the exterior parts of the stove

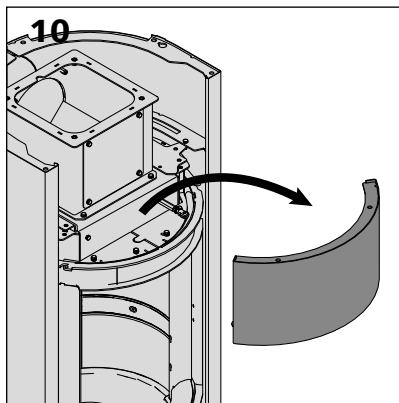
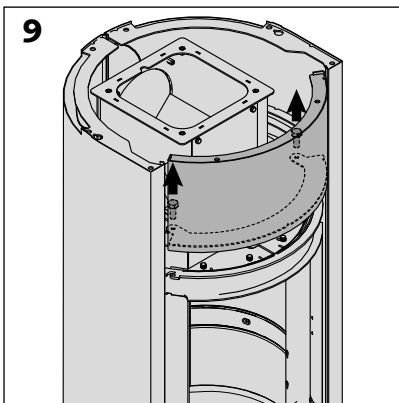


To make the hearth lighter and easier to handle, and to avoid damage to the moving parts, we strongly recommend you to remove certain parts of the Stûv 30

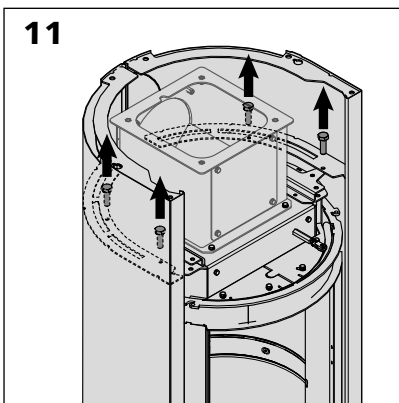
> **Remove the ash pan:**  
open the ash pan door [photo 1] and take it out by lifting it off its hinges [photo 2].

> **Remove the doors:**  
half open them gently [photo 3], lift them off their hinges and slide them to the left [photo 4].

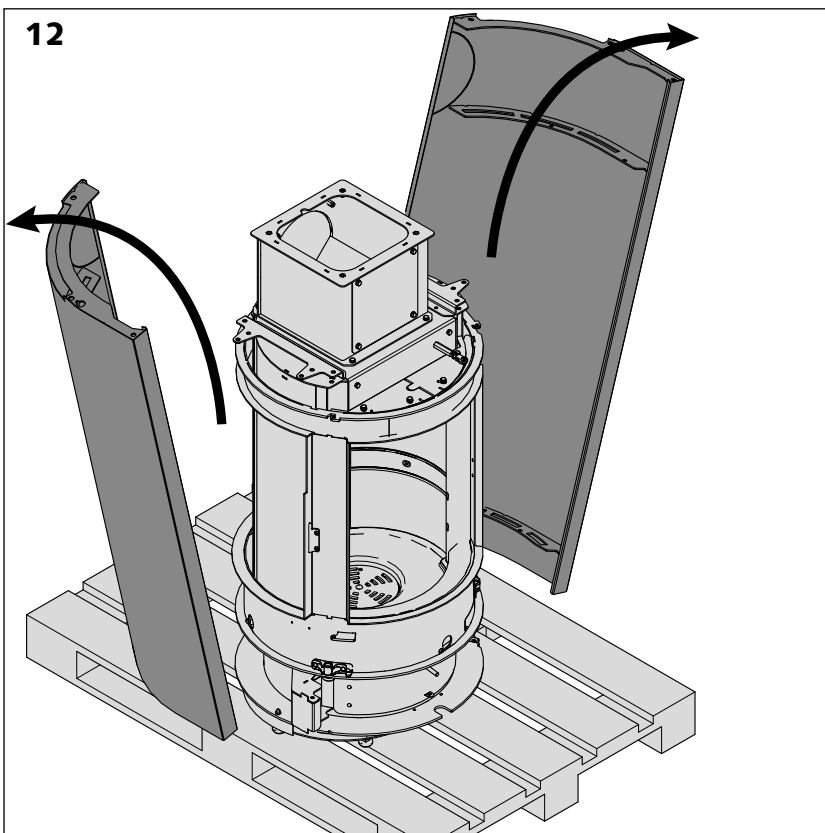




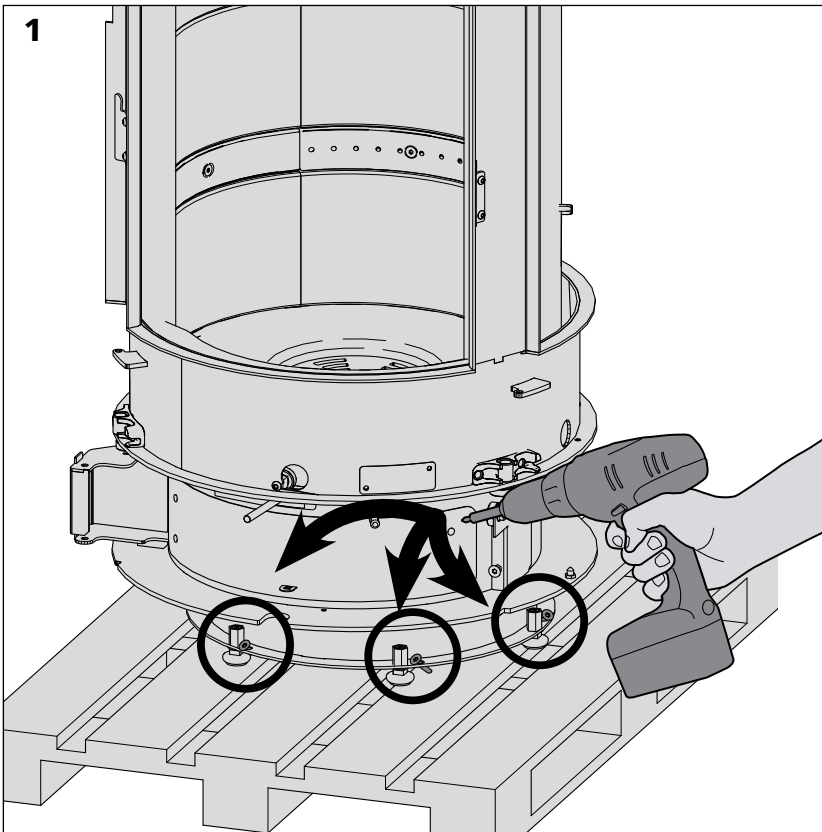
> Take of the front



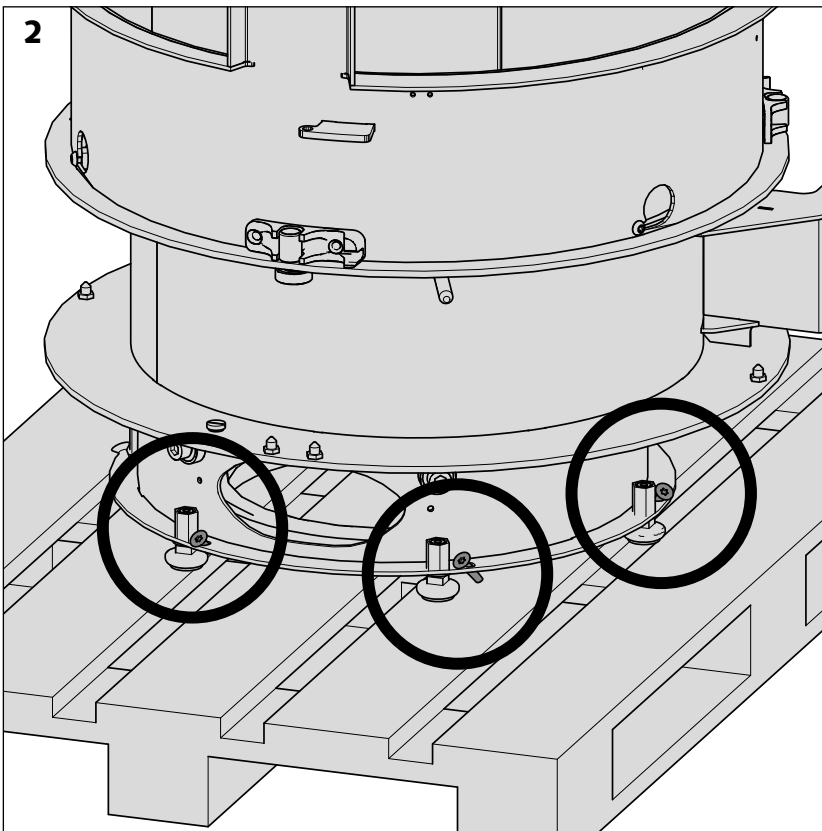
> Remove the side panels



## Separating the hearth from its pallet

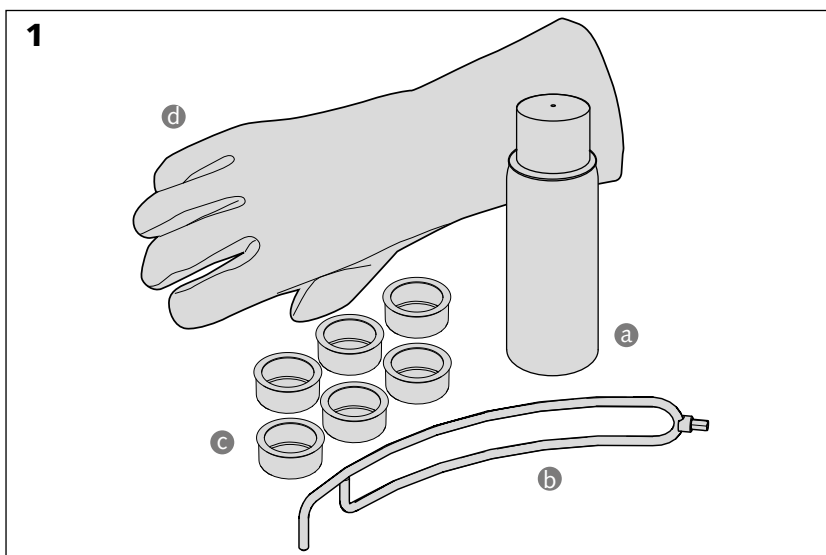


To release the hearth from the pallet, take out the 6 screws located near the feet of the Stûv 30.





## Removal of the contents of the combustion chamber



### Checking the contents of the combustion chamber [photo 1]

You will find:

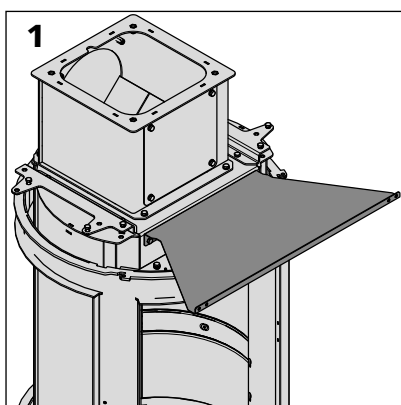
- spray paint for touching up [photo 1/a]
- cold grip to handle the door and the valve [photo 1/b]

Anti-skid rubbers to fit under the feet of the hearth [diagram 1c].

A heat-resistant glove [diagram 1d].

- installation instructions
- instructions for use

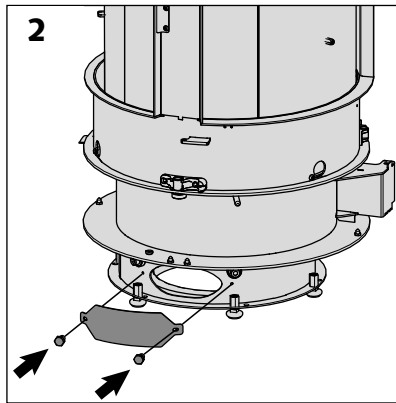
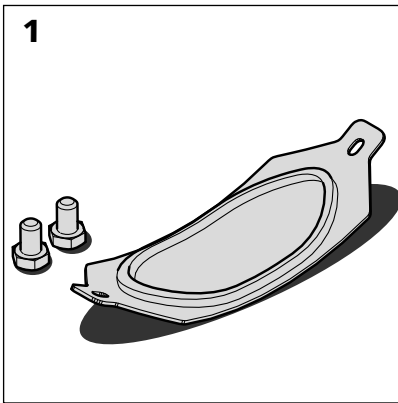
## Final positioning of the stove



**Please note!** Do not forget to put the hand-lift truck protection back on before moving the stove!

The stove can now be moved to its final position: tilt the stove onto its front.

Note: remember to put a soft protective cloth between the drum ring and the hand-lift truck.



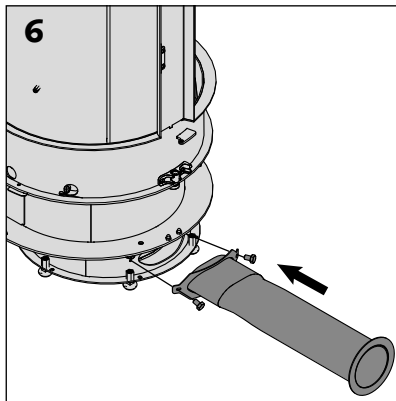
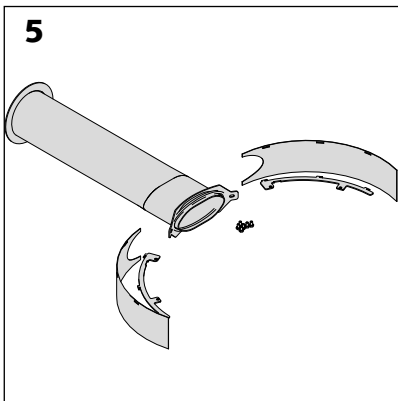
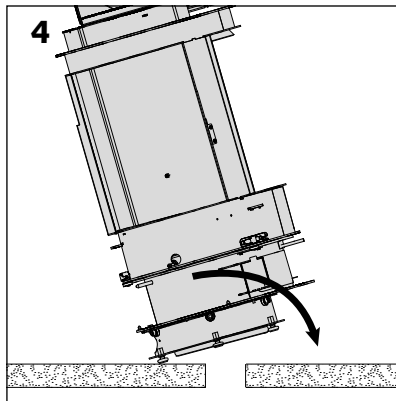
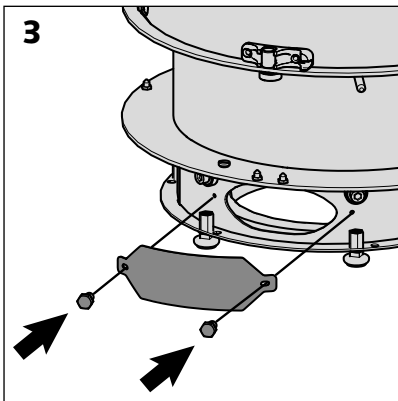
If you are not connecting your stove to the outside air, go to the next section.

**If the air connection comes from the ground:**

> **Fix the filling plate** (with an 8 mm flat spanner and 2 M5x8 hexagonal head screws) [photos 1 to 4]:

> **Position the stove** over the outside air inlet.

> **Check that the joint is fully airtight** in relation to the floor.

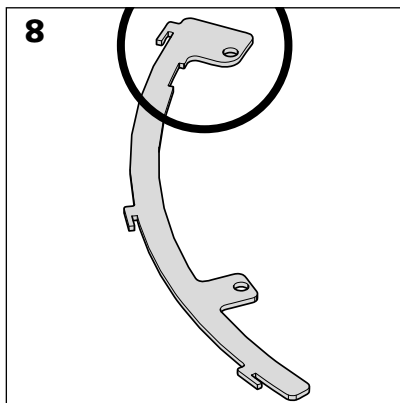
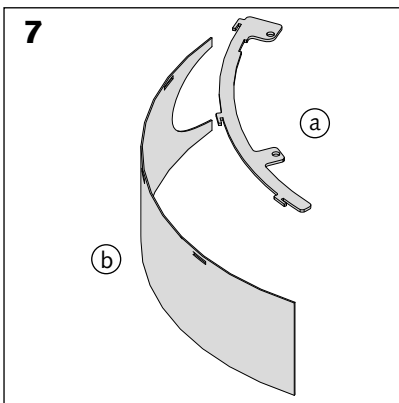


**If the air connection comes from the wall:**

> **Find the "rear outside air inlet" kit** [photo 5].

> **Make sure the duct is the desired length** bearing in mind the maximum length of the standard Stûv inlet duct is 48 cm. Cut it if necessary.

> **Connect the flue** to the back of the stove (using 2 M5x6 hexagonal head screws and a size 8 spanner) [photo 6].



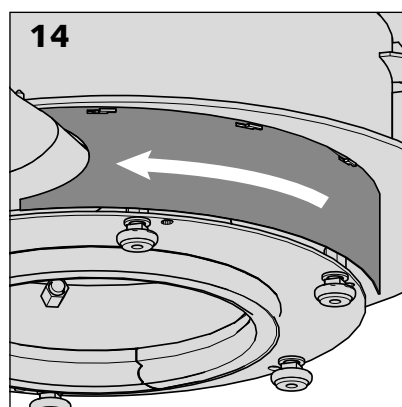
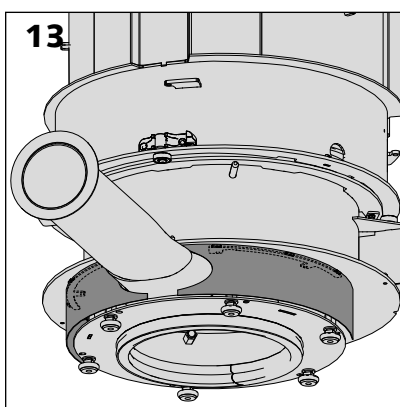
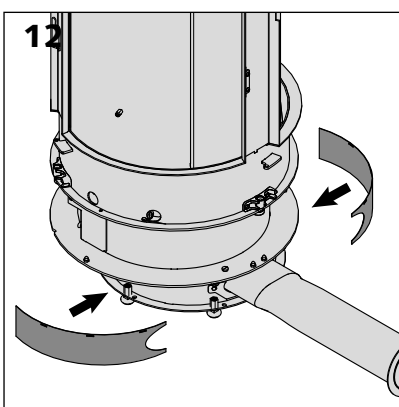
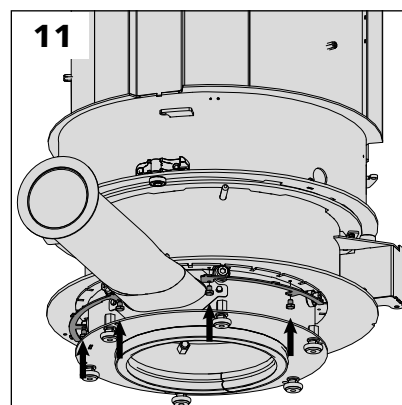
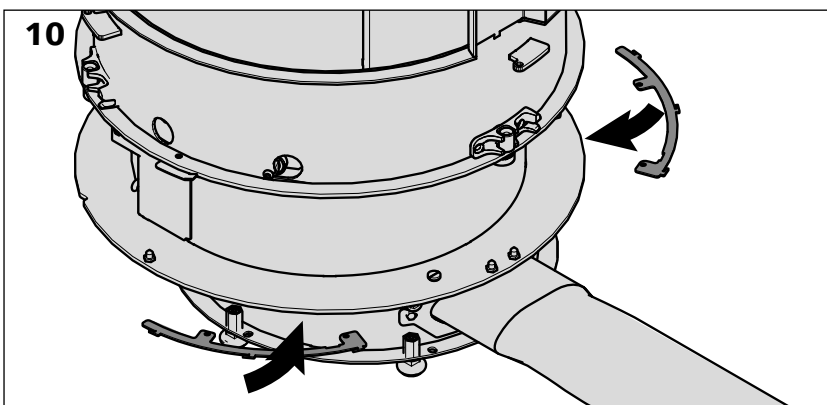
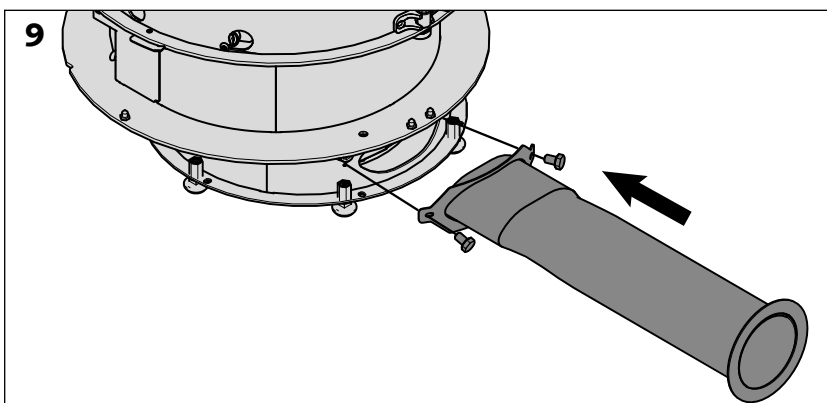
> **Fix the 2 masking supports**  
[photo 7a]

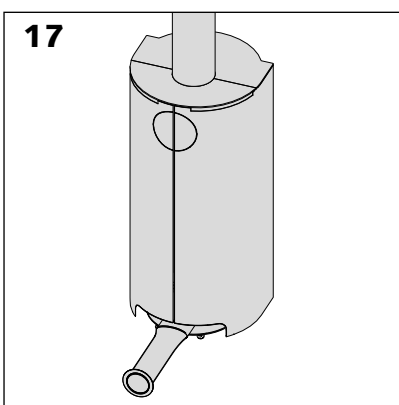
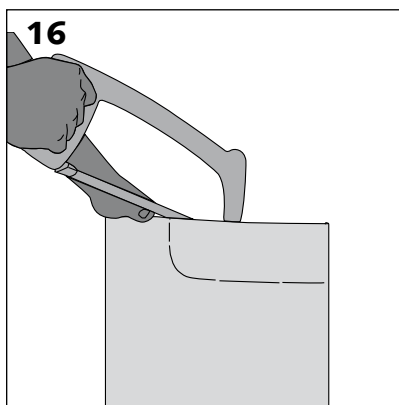
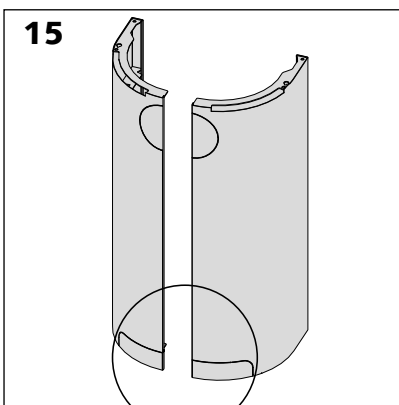
– Position the supports so that the appendage [diagram 8] is situated behind the hearth

– Fix the 2 supports (using the 4 M5x6 hexagonal head screws and a size 8 spanner) [photo 11].

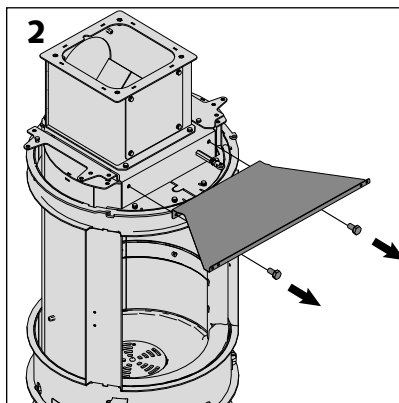
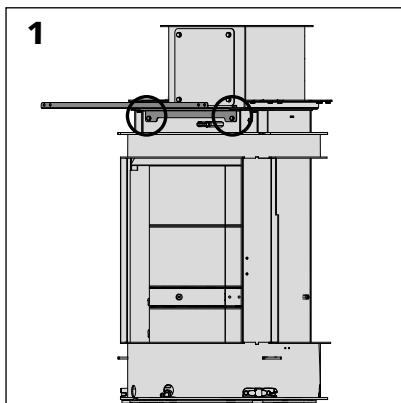
> **Clip on the 2 masking pieces**  
[photo 13] to their supports and check that they are firmly in place [photo 14].

> **Prepare the 2 panels** by removing the lower pre-cut part (using a metal saw) [photo 15]. Smooth the panel edges with a half-moon file.





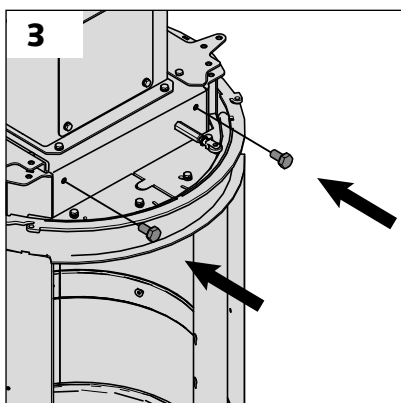
## Levelling the stove



Before you start, make sure that the floor covering is flat and clean. If the floor covering is not level, you will have to take steps to ensure that the lower joint is perfectly airtight.

> **Remove the hand-lift truck protection** for the final time [diagram 1].

> **Level the stove:** adjust 3 of the 6 feet (1 of each 2) by turning them clockwise (using a size 13 spanner) [diagram 4]. Leave the other 3 feet for the moment.

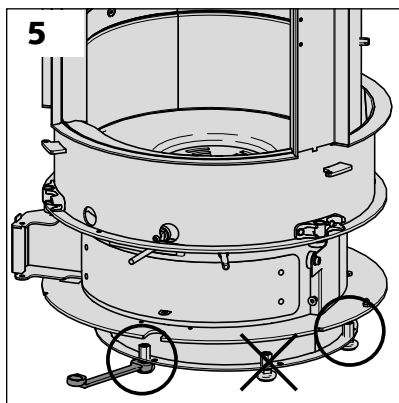
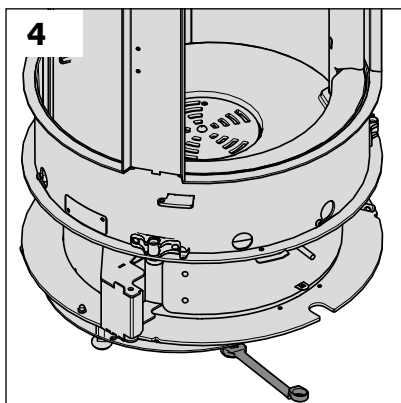


**Please note!** Ensure that the joint is properly supported on the ground to ensure air-tightness for outside air intake.

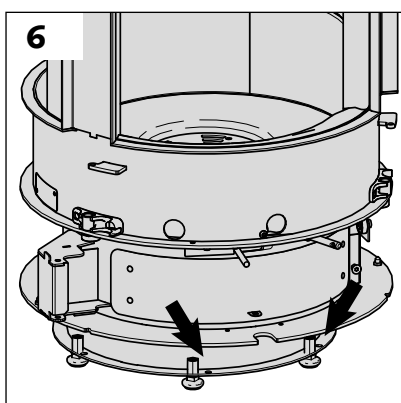
> **Adjust the last three feet.**

**Note!** The holes in the lower ring can be used to fix the stove to the floor [diagram 6].

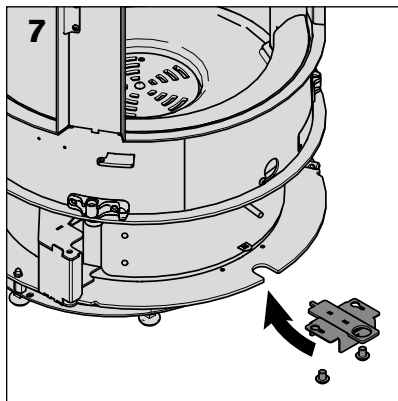
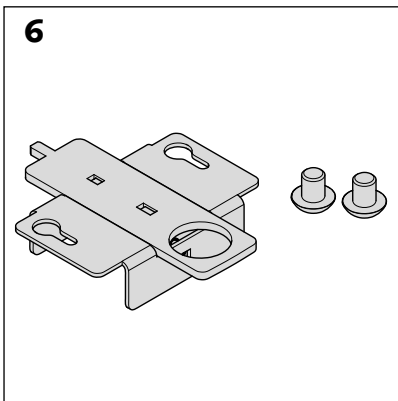
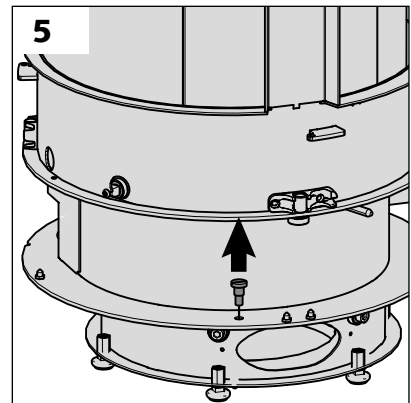
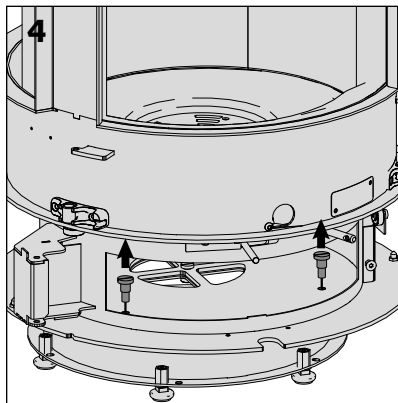
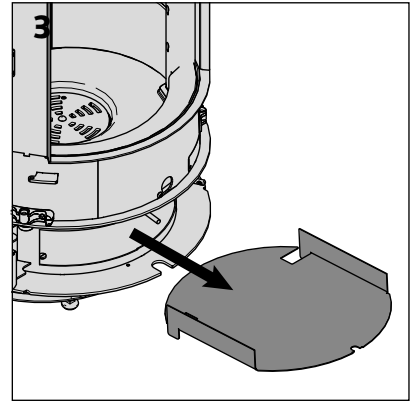
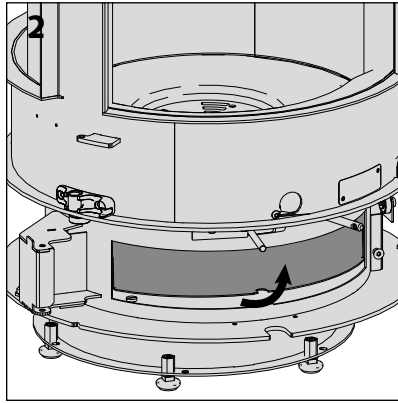
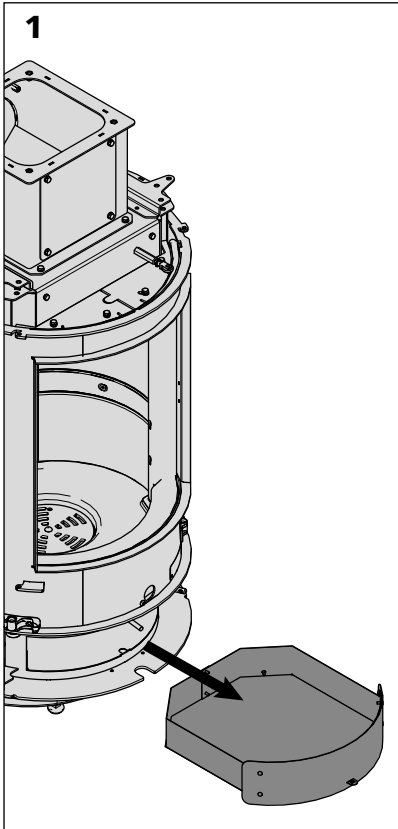
**Please note:** We strongly recommend attaching the Stûv 30 stove to the ground. This step ensures the stability of the system.




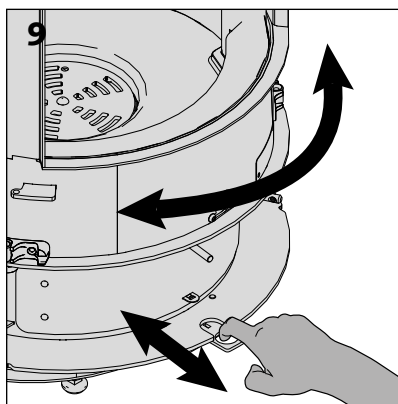
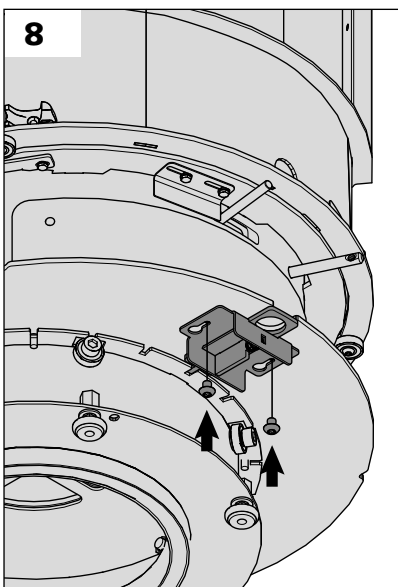
Chemical or mechanical means may be used for attachment. Attachment with screws, for example, can be carried out using the holes illustrated in diagram 6.

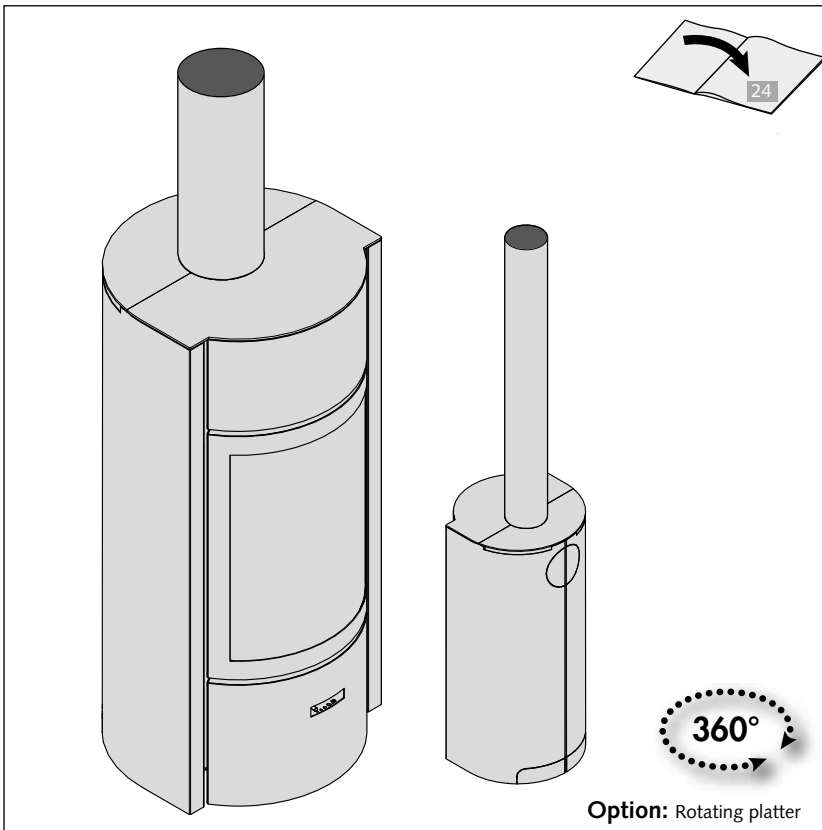


# Installing the lock for the rotary Stuv 30



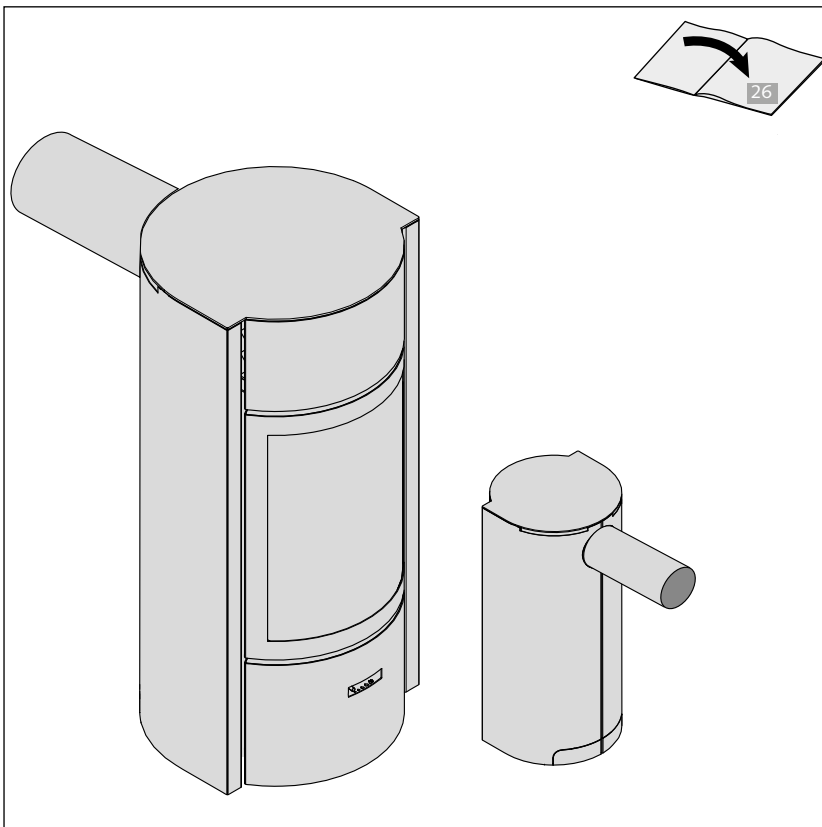
 To be able to fit the lock for the rotary Stuv 30, you must have a vertical smoke exit.





**> Top connection (P.24)**

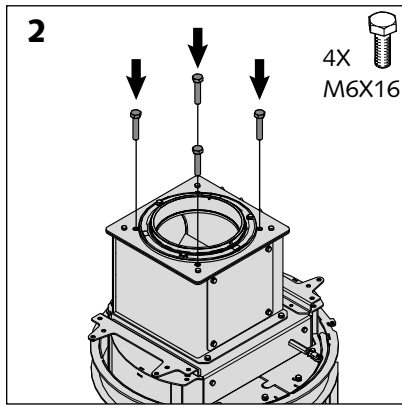
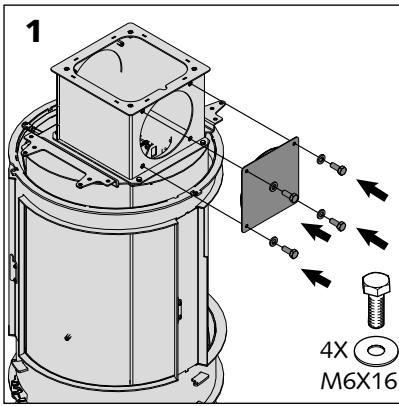
This connection is compatible with the rotating platter option. To see how to do the installation, please refer to page 24.



**Rear connection (P 26)**

This connection is not compatible with the rotating platter option.

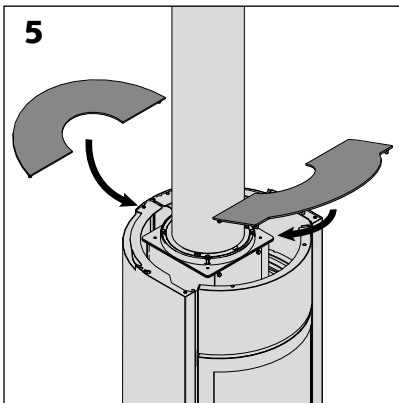
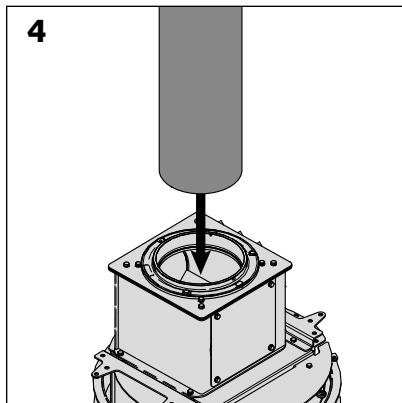
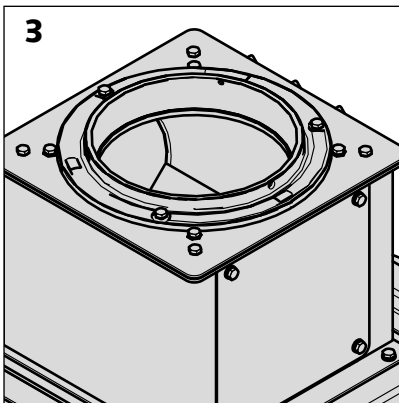
## Connection to flue - top exit for fixed hearth



### Warning!

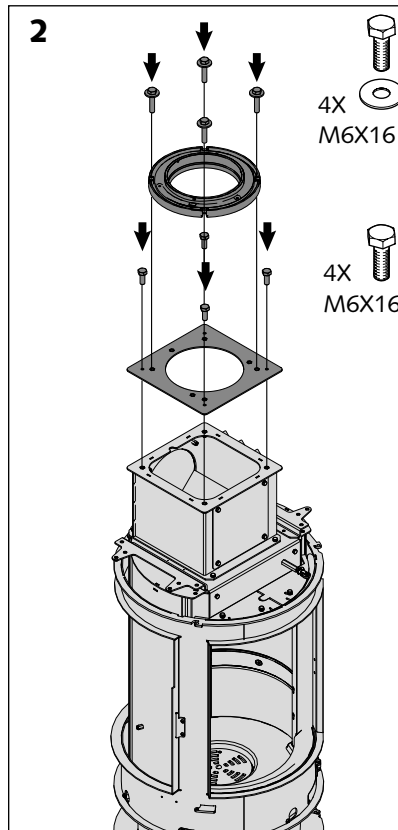
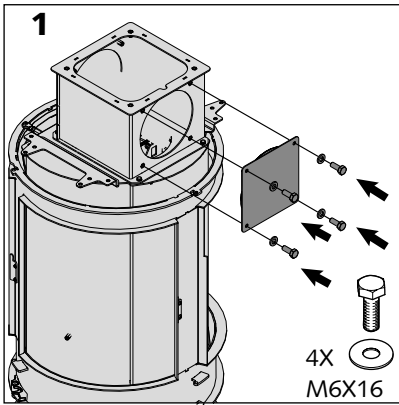
> Be sure to fit all the screws in the top plate in order to prevent leakage of fumes

> Check the correct positioning of each seal

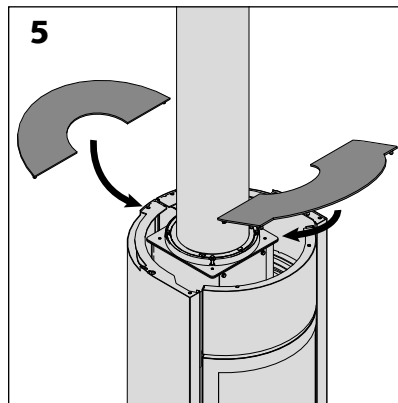
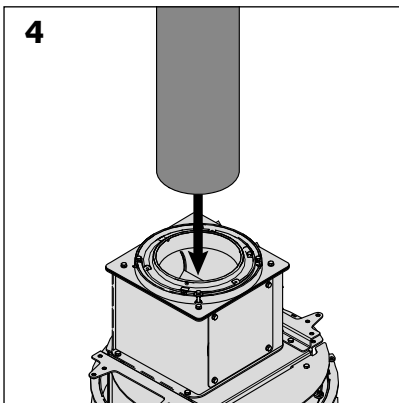
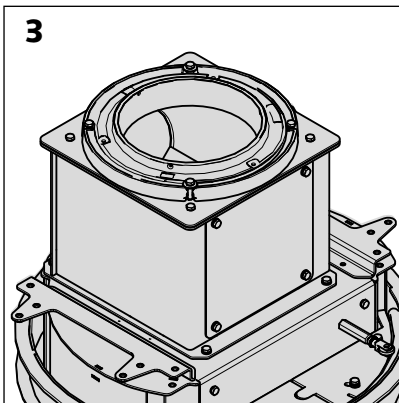




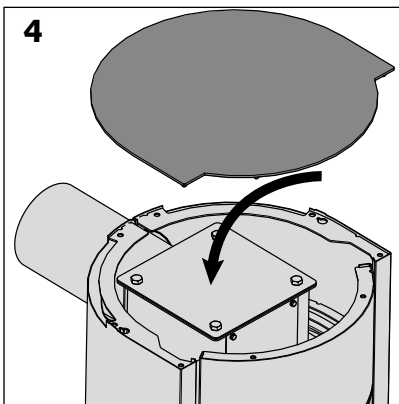
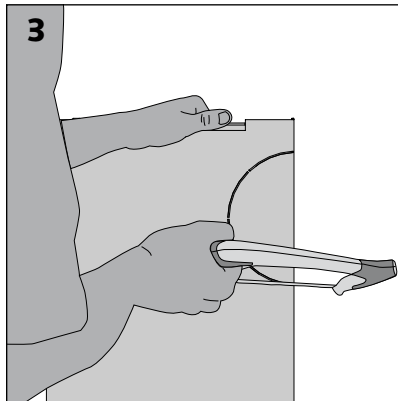
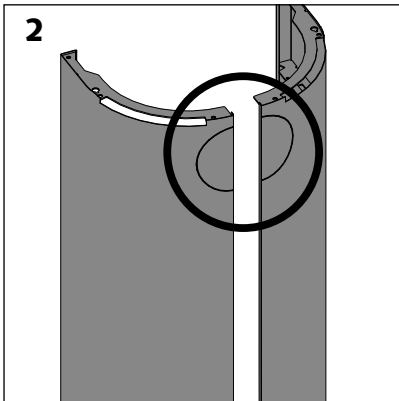
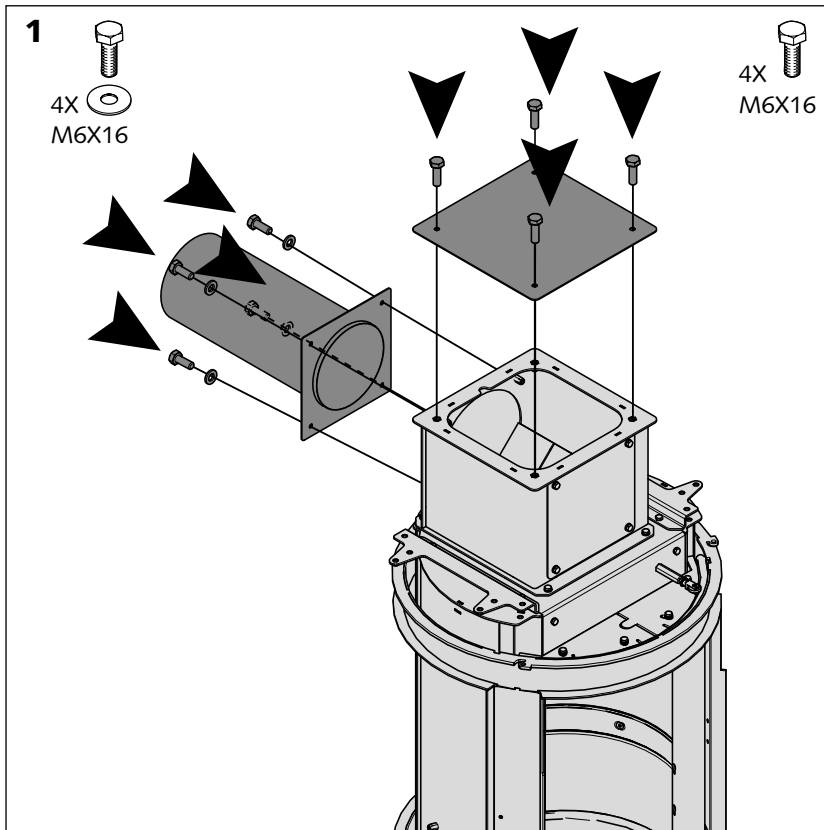
## Connection to flue - top exit for rotating hearth



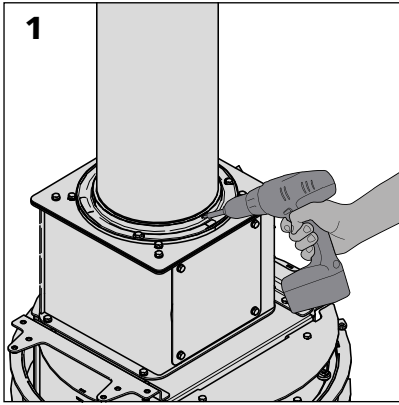
> Check the correct positioning of each seal



## Connection to the smoke flue – back outlet



## Attachment of the smoke flue



### Remarks

If you are going to use a connecting flue that is all one piece, allow play of 2 mm/m in length to allow for expansion.

The smoke outlet can accept ducts of 0.4 to 2.0 mm in thickness.

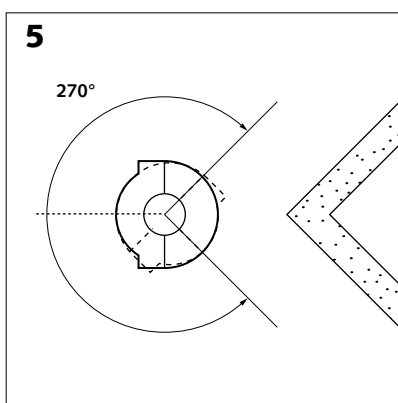
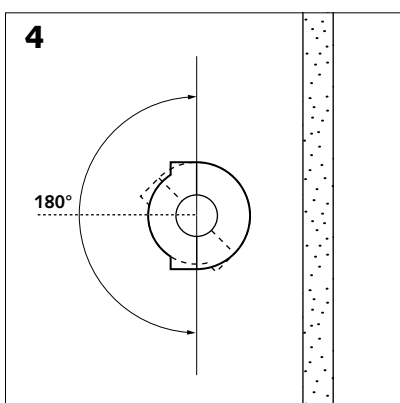
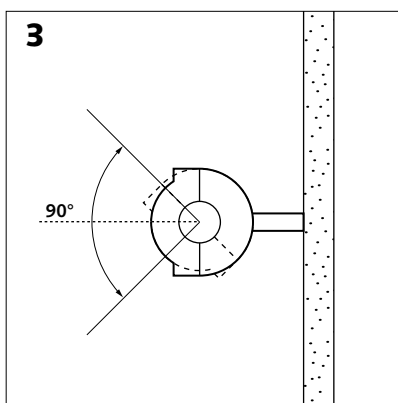
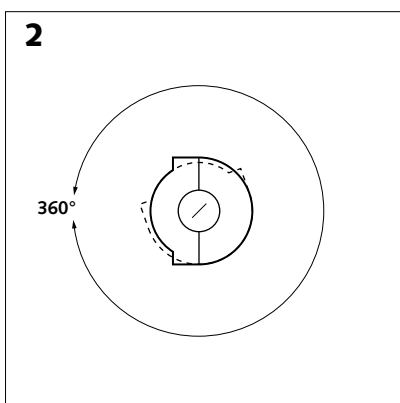
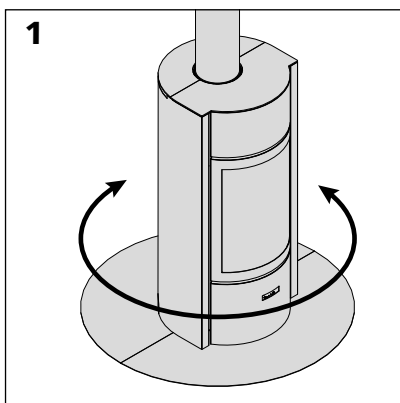
It is preferable to use the screws supplied by Stûv. If not, make sure that you do not use screws that are too long and will block the rotation system.

## Accessories for the connection to the smoke flue



Stûv offers a range of accessories for connecting the Stûv 30 to the smoke flue.

- Recessable wall connector [photo 1],
- Black duct; straight and bent [photo 2].



A rotary platter allows you to orient the stove to direct the heat, and see the flame, where you want!

### Various possible configurations

You can limit the rotation of the stove to a certain angle using the rotation stops. The choice of rotation angle will depend on your preference, the configuration of the site and the proximity of combustible materials.

The stove's connection (smoke outlet and outside air inlet) will also determine the choice of configuration.

### Smoke connection going upwards [diagram 1]

> **360° Rotation:** The mechanism allows a complete revolution in both directions [diagram 2].

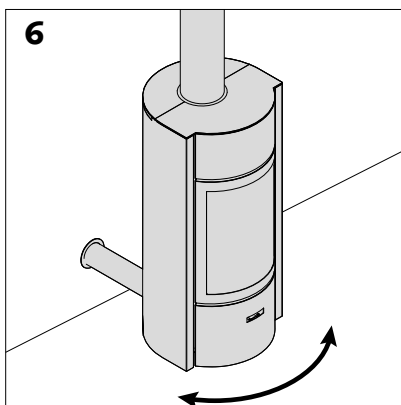
> **90° Rotation** when the stove is placed in a corner [diagram 3].

> **180° Rotation** when the stove is placed along a wall [diagram 4].

> **270° Rotation** when the stove is placed in front of a corner or a pillar [diagram 5].

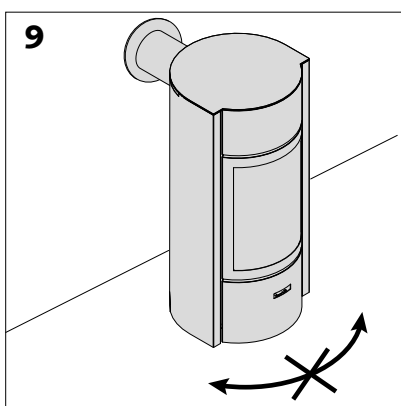
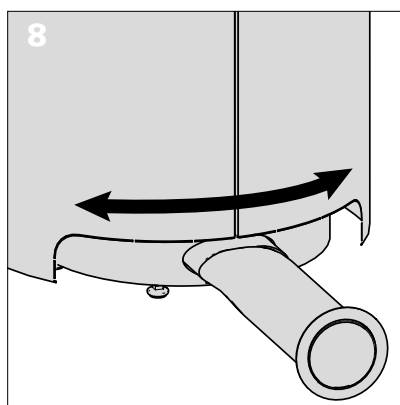
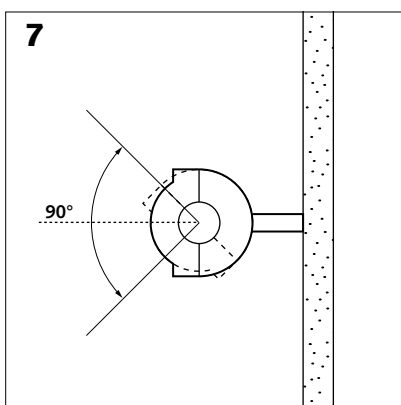
### Warning!

Note that the stove turns in an off-centre fashion.



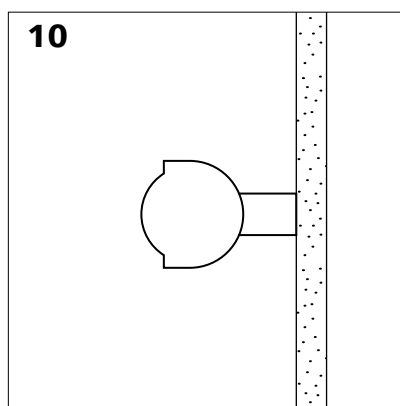
Smoke connection going upwards with outside air inlet at the back [diagram 6]

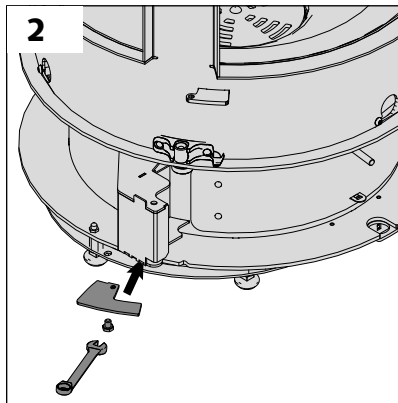
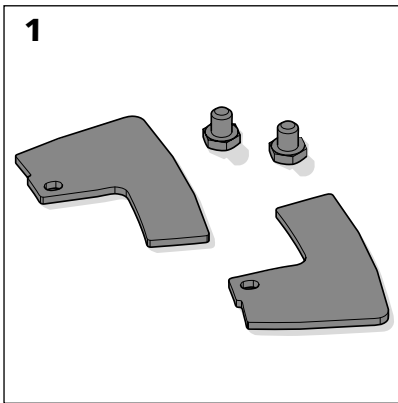
> 90° Rotation: only configuration possible in this case [diagram 7 and photo 8].



Smoke connection at the back [diagram 9]

In this configuration, the stove does not turn [diagram 10].





### Rotation stop

The rotation stop enables you to choose a maximum angle of rotation to which the stove can turn.

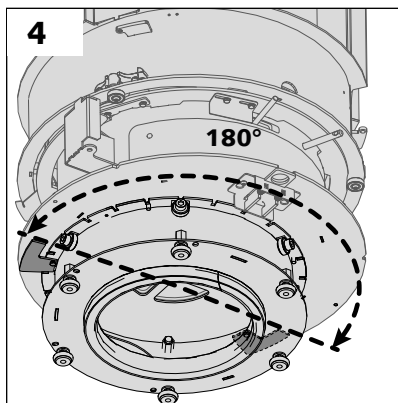
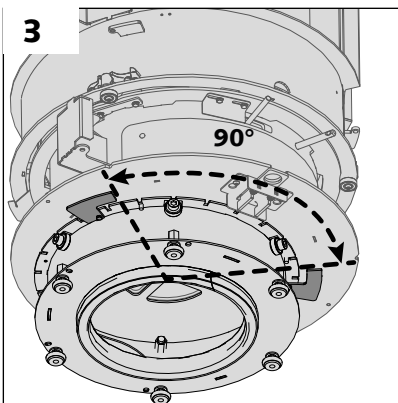
> **First of all, choose your configuration** for the stove (see previous pages). This will define your maximum angle of rotation.

> **Limit the angle of rotation** to 90°, 180° or 270° by fixing the stops [photo 2] (with the M5x6 hexagonal screws) in position:

> for 90° [photo 3]

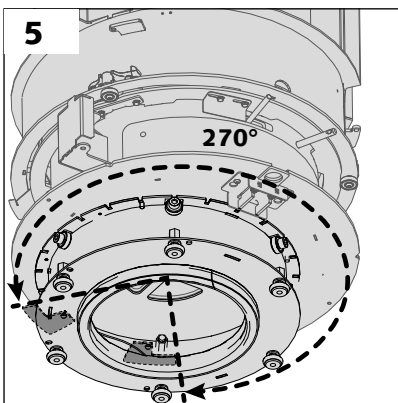
> for 180° [photo 4]

> for 270° [photo 5]

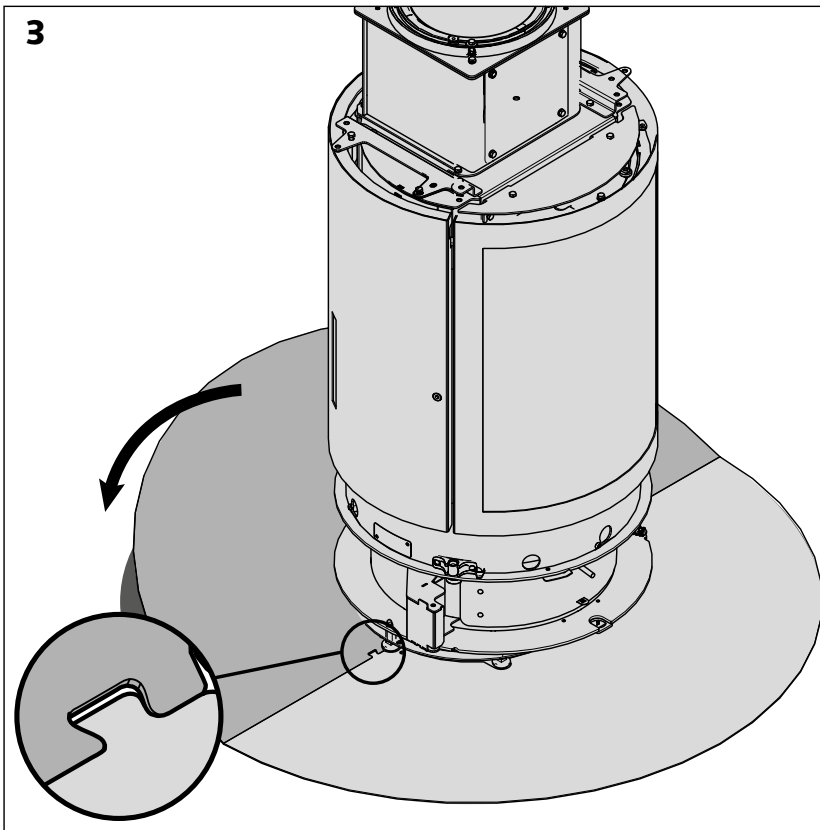
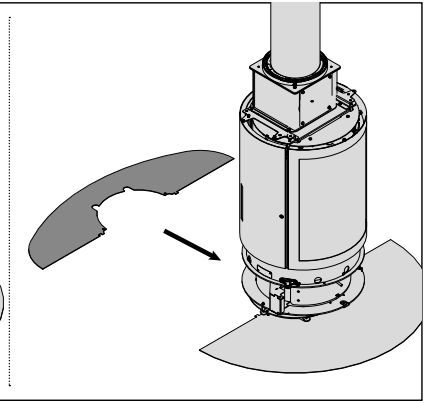
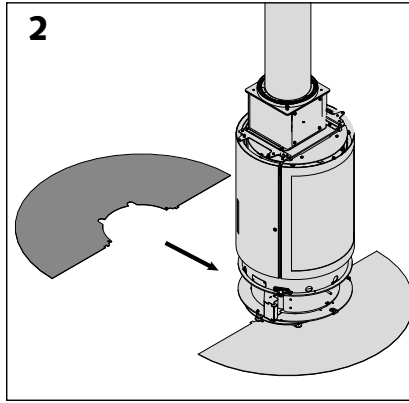
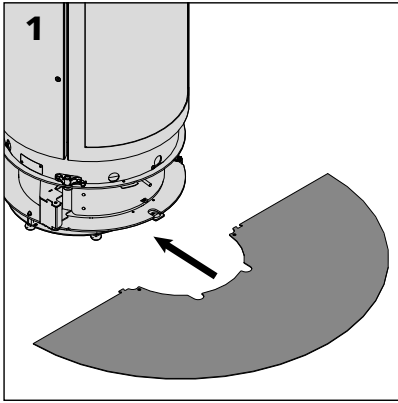


**Please note!** Ensure that you fix the stop the right way around (look closely at the photos).

**Note that the stops can be fitted asymmetrically so that movement is possible in one direction only.**



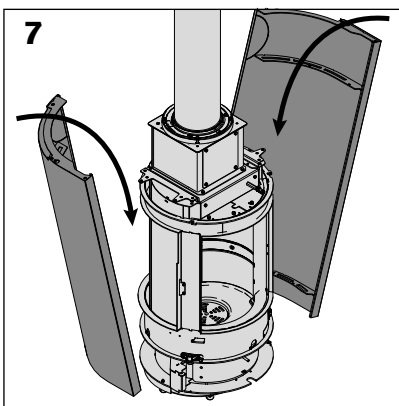
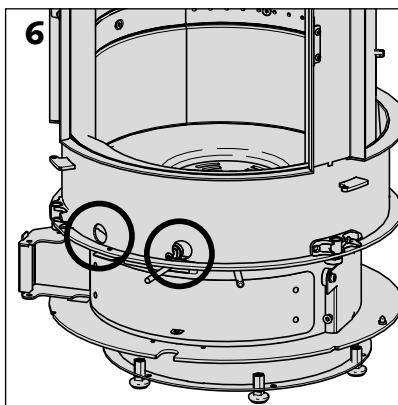
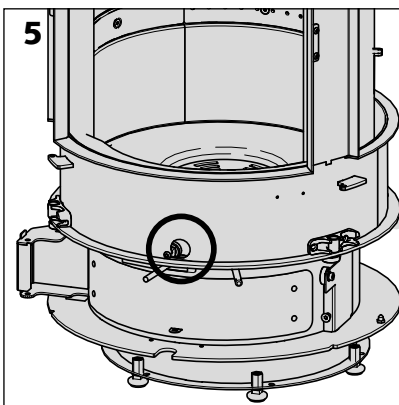
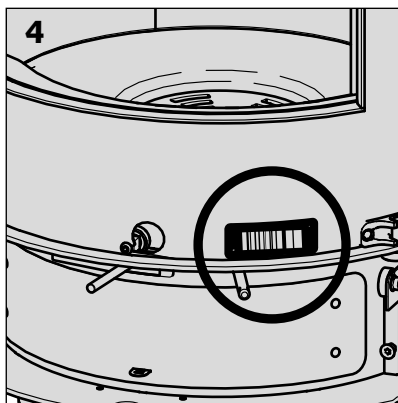
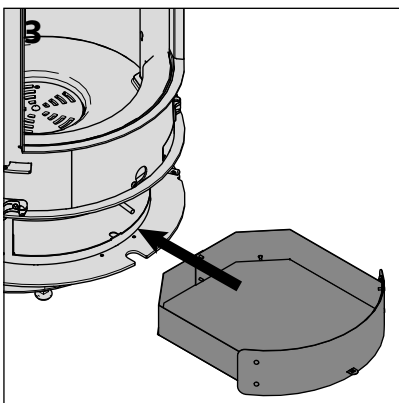
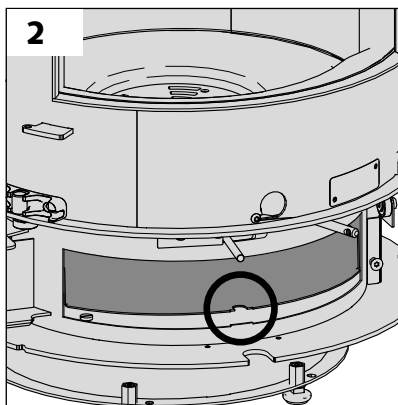
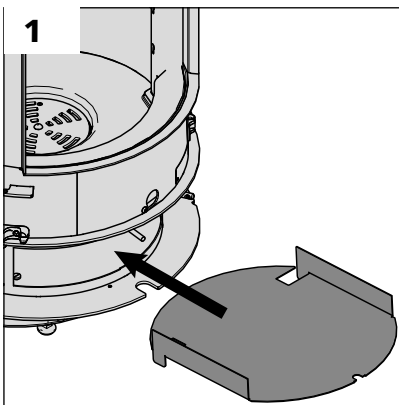
## Positioning of the ground plate



There are two floor plates with different shapes: a round floor plate and an oval floor plate

**First position the front section [diagram1]**

**> Add the rear section [diagram2]**  
, lifting it slightly so that the two sections slot together correctly [diagram 3].



**Please note!** Do not mix up the left and right symmetrical parts.

**Replace the parts removed to position the stove:**

> **the ash pan support**, insert it right to the back of the stove. Press down at the front of the ash pan support so that it slots properly into place [photo 1 and 2].

> **the ash pan** [photo 3],

> **the doors**; be careful to get the doors the right way around:

– the metal door is positioned above the fascia where the serial number is displayed, at the bottom of the drum [photo 4],

– the strip door is positioned above the fascia with only one hole in it [photo 5],

– the glass door is positioned above the fascia with two holes in it [photo 6].

> **the cladding**

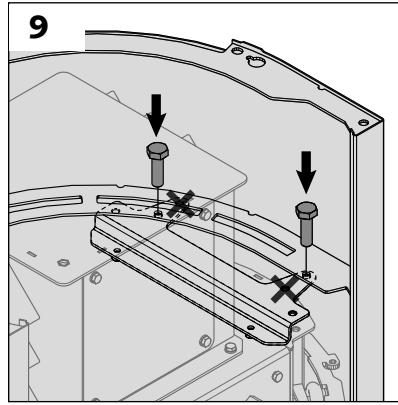
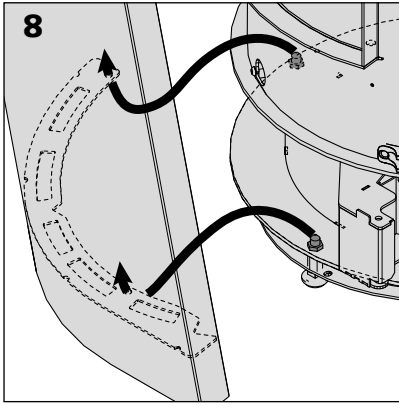
- slot the bottom of the cladding onto the studs at the bottom of the stove [diagram 8]

- Fit the upper stiffener.

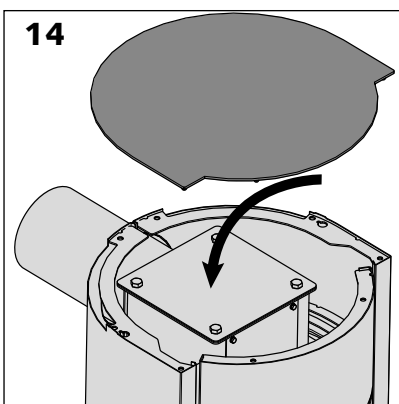
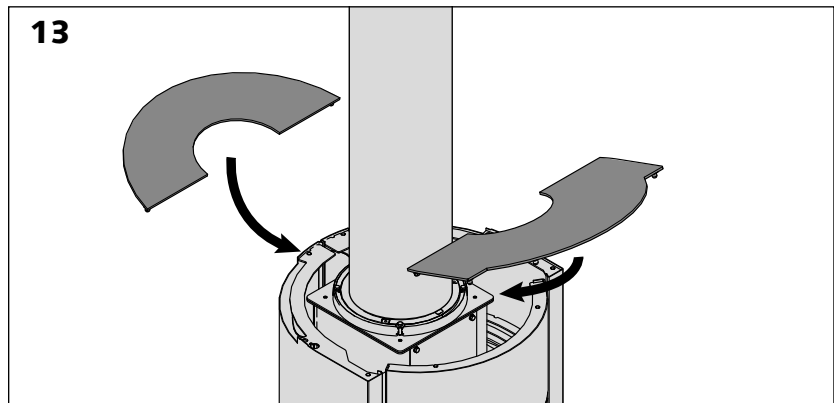
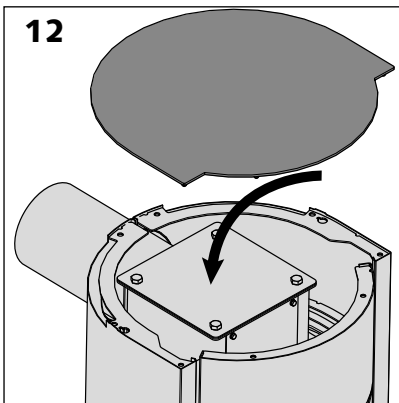
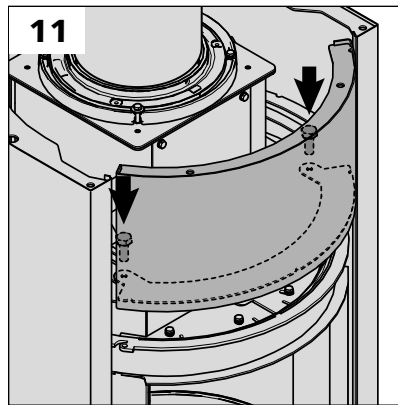
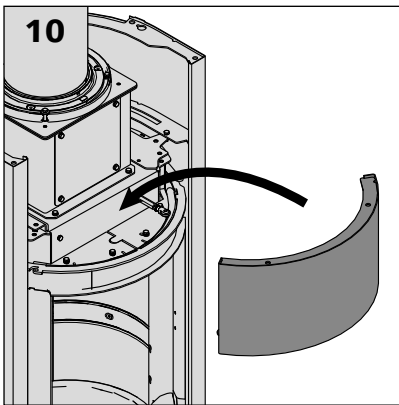
**Warning!** the front screw fits in the hole situated the furthest to the rear, while the rear screw fits in the innermost hole [diagram 9]



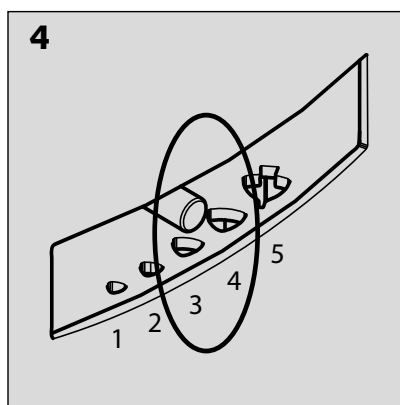
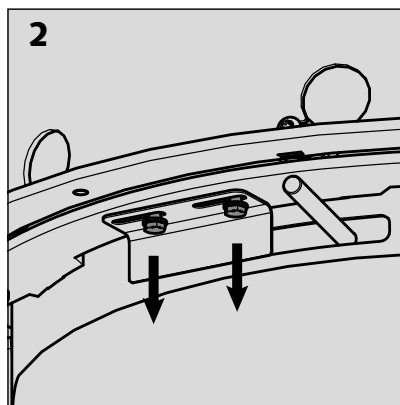
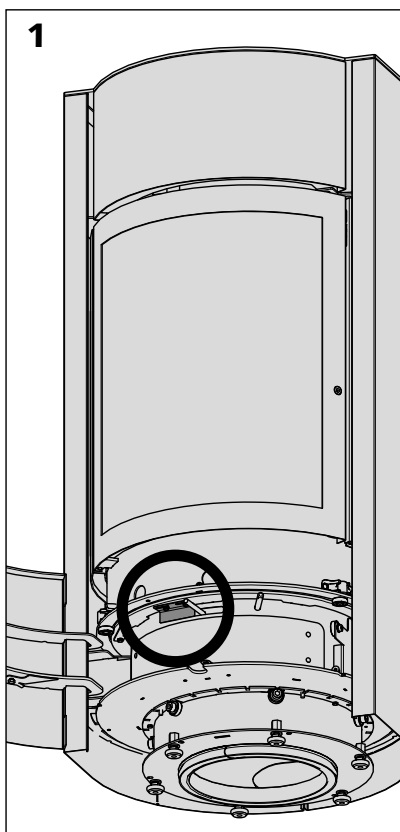
## Final assembly (continued)



- > the front [photos 10 & 11].
- > the top plate [photo 12 & 13].
- > the door of the ash box [photo 14].



## Adjusting the minimum valve opening stop



Depending on the draw of the flue, the minimum valve opening stop [photo 1] can be adjusted.

> **undo the screws** (using a size 10 screwdriver) that hold the stop [photo 2].

> **if the draw is strong**, slide the stop further to the left [photo 3]. The valve can be set in position zero (all the way to the left); it prevents any air being drawn into the combustion chamber.

> **if the draw is weaker**, slide the stop slightly to the right [photo 3].

This adjustment ensures two things:

- prevents risk of explosion,
- keeps the glass door clean.

### ATTENTION !

In smoke control areas The air control stop must be set so that it cannot be closed beyond the position between 3 and 4. [diagram 4]

## When installation of the stove is complete...

We recommend cleaning the stove between the fixed section and the drum. Dust particles may gather between the two sections. This dust may disrupt the rotation of the drum and cause unpleasant noise. To do this, please follow the steps set out in the usage instructions in the section **“Cleaning between the fixed part of the stove and the drum.”**

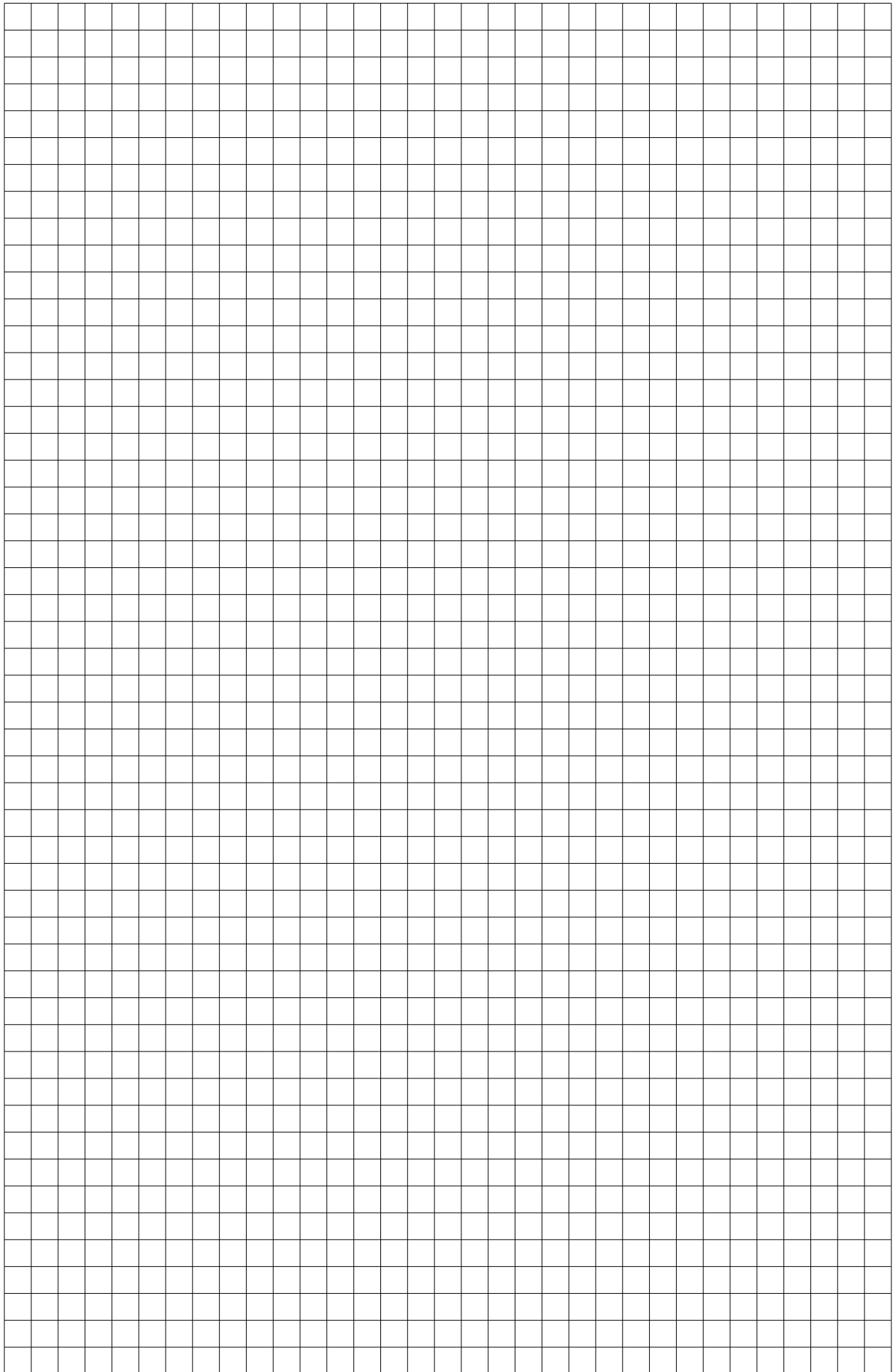
... test that the stove is working properly.

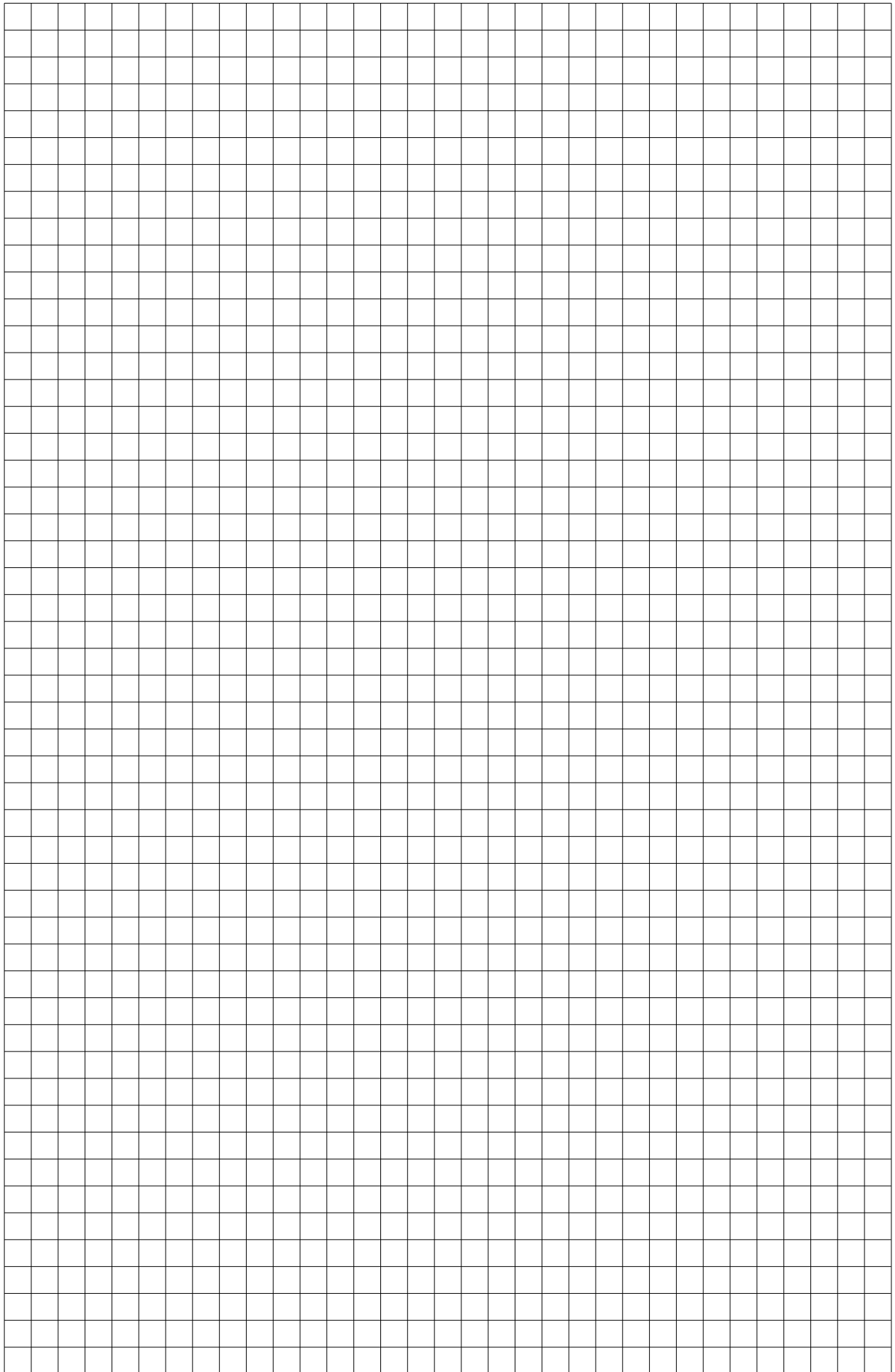
Before testing, make sure that no items from the installation have been left in the combustion chamber or the bends and turns (spray paint, tube of grease, tools...)

When the fire is lit for the first time, it may give off some smoke and odours: ventilate the room well.

Consult the instructions for use.

Once the stove is installed, give the instructions for use to the user. Complete the guarantee certificate (at the back of the instructions for use) with him/her and recommend that they send it to the manufacturer or the importer.





## ACCEPTANCE OF WORKS



PLEASE COMPLETE IN BLOCK CAPITALS.

### THE PURCHASER

SURNAME .....  
FIRST NAME .....  
ADDRESS WHERE WORKS WERE CARRIED OUT .....  
POST CODE .....  
TOWN/PLACE .....  
COUNTRY .....

### INSTALLATION ENGINEER

COMPANY .....

### YOUR STÛV STOVE 30

SERIAL N° .....  
DATE OF INSTALLATION .....

### FLUE CHARACTERISTICS

HEIGHT OF FLUE IN M .....  
DIAMETER OF FLUE IN MM .....  
TYPE OF FLUE .....

### CHECK OF SYSTEM'S SETTINGS

CHECK ON THE VACUITY OF THE FLUE .....  
VALIDATION OF DRAUGHT .....  
VERIFICATION OF AIR INLET SETTING  
(OPEN/CLOSED) .....

CHECK OF THE HUMIDITY OF THE WOOD ..... HUMIDITY %  NO WOOD

COMMENTS .....  
.....  
.....

### SAFETY GUIDELINES

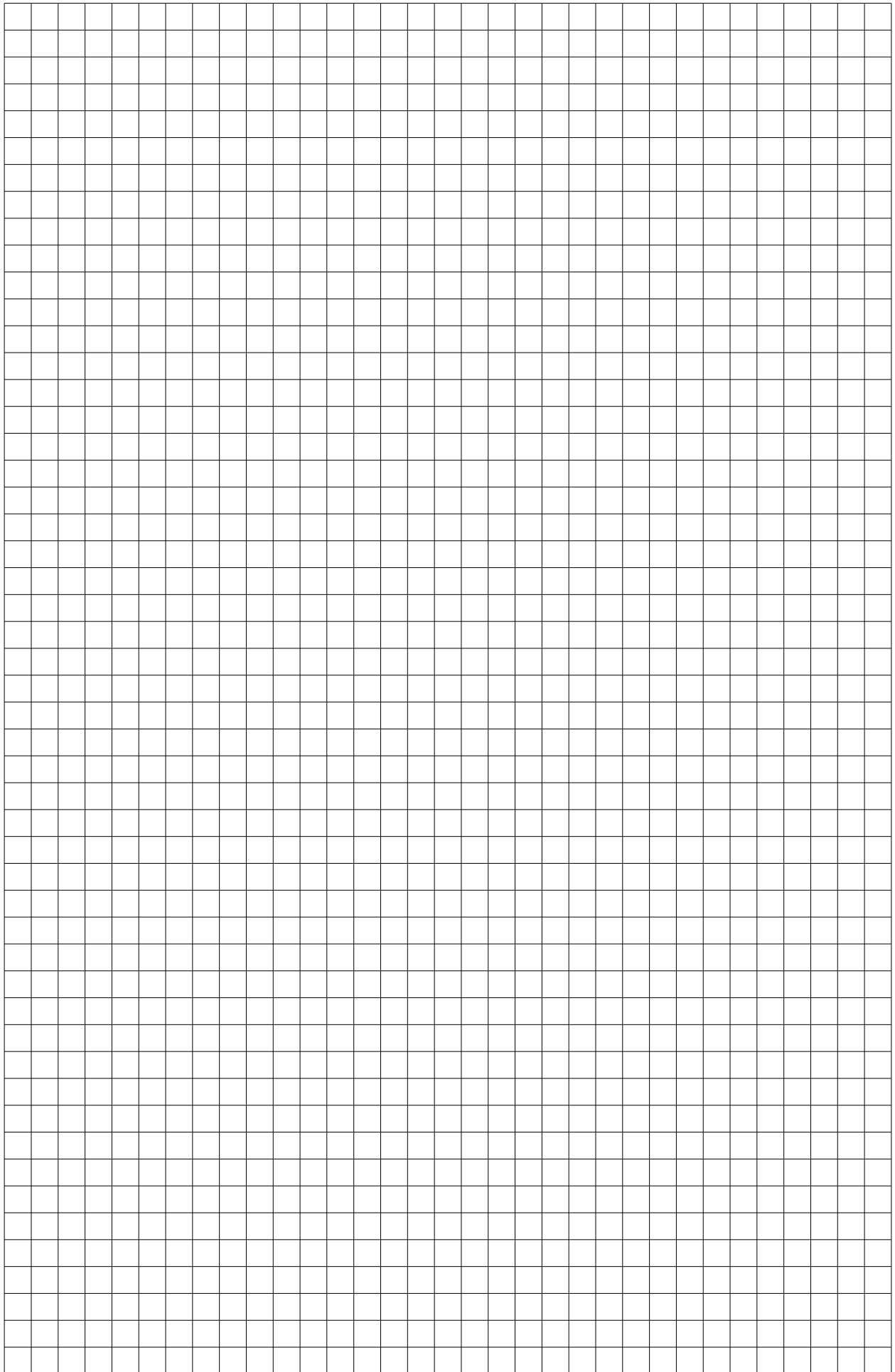
The use of this system has to comply with the installer's recommendations and the manufacturer's instructions which are set out in the directions for use issued to the customer with the invoice and this confirmation of acceptance.

The efficiency and longevity of the system depend directly on the quality of wood used: it is essential that wood with humidity of less than 18% or reconstituted wood briquettes are used. Green wood with drying-out time of less than 24 months cannot be used (more information in the "fuels" section on pages 8 and 9 of the directions for use).

THE INSTALLATION ENGINEER (name written out in full and signature).....

THE CUSTOMER (name written out in full and signature) .....

Directions for use of the system issued to customer /  Information sheet on lighting the stove issued to the customer



## CONTACTS

### **Stûv stoves are designed and manufactured in Belgium by:**

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B-5170 Bois-de-Villers (Belgium)  
info@stuv.com – www.stuv.com

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jetmastersales@aol.com  
www.jetmaster.co.uk

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### **Importer for Sweden**

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Aldershvilevej 84 – 2880 Bagsvaerd  
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# Installation instructions [en]

## Stûv 30

07/13 – SN 138804 > ...



Stûv reserves the right to make changes without prior notice.  
These instructions have been produced with the greatest of care. However, we do not accept responsibility for any errors that may have been made.  
Editor: Gérard Pitance – rue Jules Borbouse 4 – 5170 Bois-de-Villers – Belgium

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